08.03.23 - 11.03.23

Hochschule der Medien

LEDs & Numbers

HdM, Stuttgart 2023

Philippe Ros

www.philipperos.com

LEDs & Numbers

A presentation by:



Philippe Ros
Cinematographer, AFC
Digital Imaging Supervisor
Instructor
IMAGO TC co-chair

With the help of:



David Stump
Cinematographer, ASC
MITC
IMAGO TC co-chair



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Cinematographer, BVK
Professor for Cinematography
Hochschule der Medien, Stuttgart
IMAGO TC full member

Plan

- 1. General information
- 2. A different universe
- 3. LEDs in the cinematography field
- 4. LEDs and Spectrum
- 5. LEDs and Power
- Conference of Light tests & SSI
- 7. The HdM tests
- The missing data
- The conclusions

Topics

- Color rendering
- Skin tone
- Skin texture
- Image texture

LEDs

Technical information?

For who?

For:

- The gaffer & his team
- The cinematographer & the DIT
- The make-up artist
- The costume designer
- The production designer
- The director / the art designer
- The post-production (the colorist)



General information

LED

Light-Emitting Diode

A semiconductor device that emits light

when a current flows through it

LEDs

- LEDs for signage
- LEDs for daily use



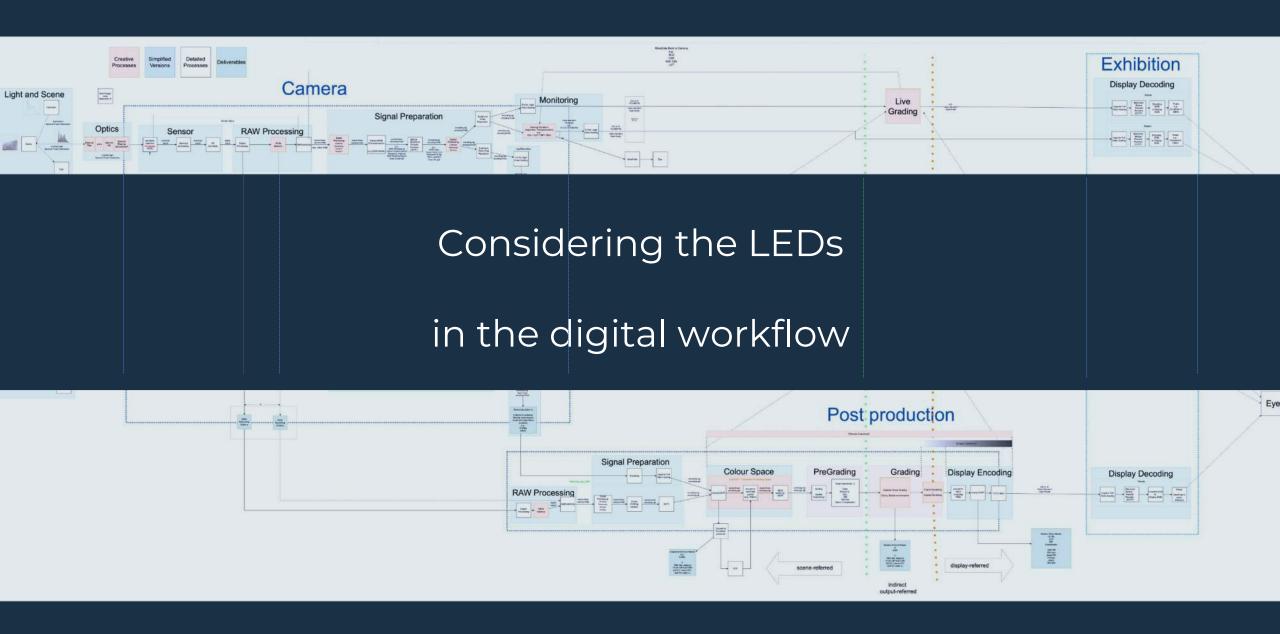


LEDs

- Start in early 1960's
- First use in the movie field:
 - Around 2003 in USA
 - Around 2008 in Europe

Considering the LEDs

in the digital era



Considering the LEDs

as emblem and vector of a different visual universe



2. A different universe



"Collateral" (2004) Michael Mann

Two reasons to talk about this film:

- The lighting style
- The location

"Collateral" (2004) Michael Mann

The lighting style

Interior of the taxi fully equipped with LED strips





"Collateral" (2004) Michael Mann

The location

"Collateral" was supposed to be shot in New York but Michael Mann relocated the

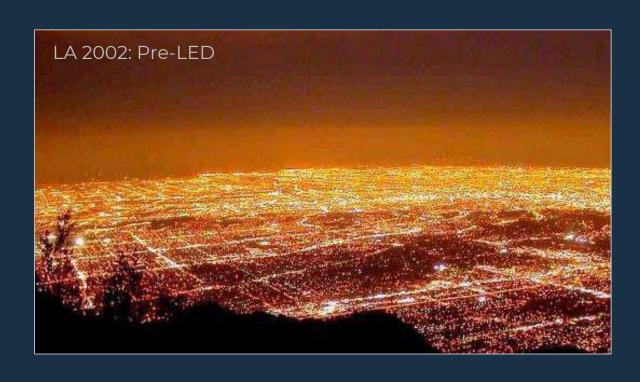
filming to Los Angeles because New York had switched to LED street lighting.



The location

In 2004, Los Angeles still had mercury and sodium lighting

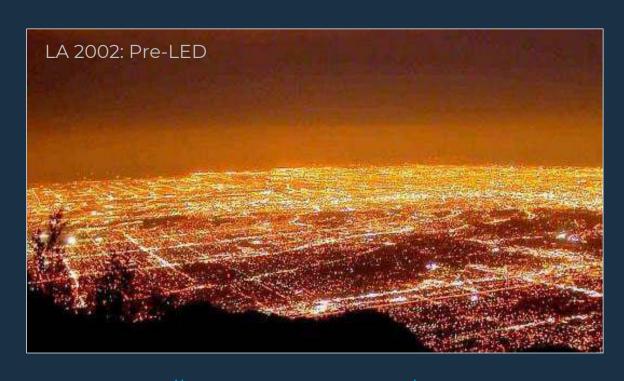
in the streets



The location

In 2004, Los Angeles still had mercury and sodium lighting

in the streets





"Why Hollywood Will Never Look the Same

Again on Film:

LEDs Hit the Streets of LA & NY"



By Dave Kendricken

February 1, 2014

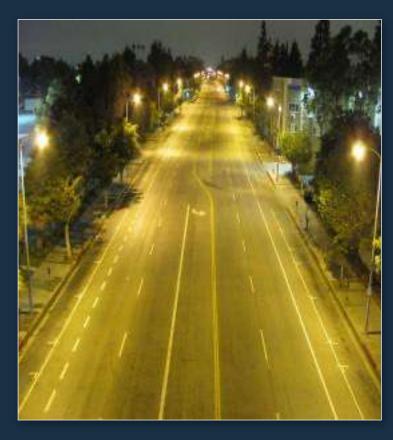
The transition to LED streetlights for the City of Los Angeles

Estimate per year:

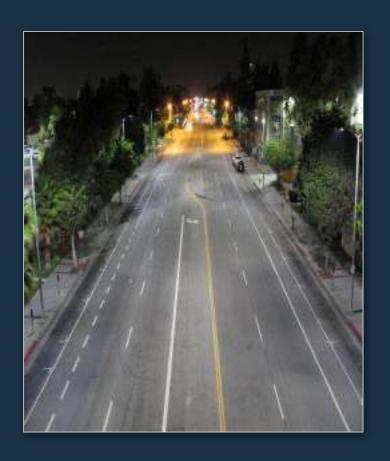
- At least \$7 million in electricity savings
- The LED fixtures used in Los Angeles:
 - Consume about 63% less electricity
 - ✓ Last much longer, than the high-pressure sodium (HPS) fixtures they replaced.





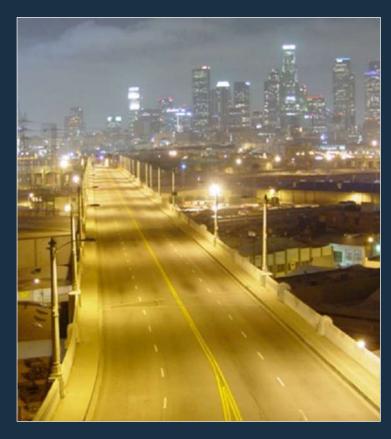


Sodium @ 3000 K

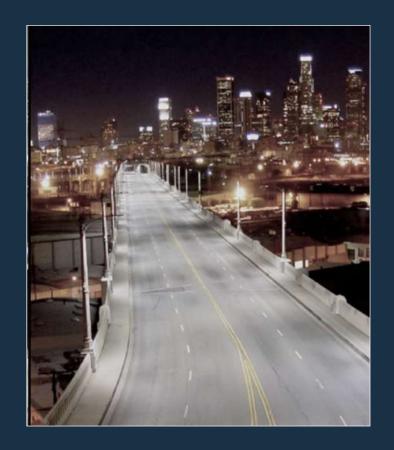


LED @ 5600 K & Sodium in the background

Urban light



Sodium @ 3000 K



LED @ 5600 K

Urban light





A different world for:

- Filmmake<u>rs</u>
- Documentary filmmakers
- Cinematographers
- All humans



The American Medical Association (AMA)

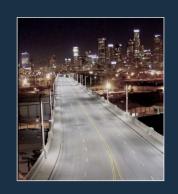


Several problems:

- Discomfort and glare (too cold / blue light)
- Impact on biological circadian rhythmicity (sleep/wake)
- Possible link between these LED lights and damage to the human retina and eyesight.



The American Medical Association (AMA)



- En 2016, The AMA's statement recommends that outdoor lighting at night, particularly street lighting, should have a color temperature of no greater than 3000 Kelvin (K)
- Harmful environmental effects of LEDs with a CT above 3000K



3. LEDs in the cinematography field

Advantages in the movie field:

- Low consumption
- Size
- Flexibility





- Whitout genny
- With 16 Amps plugs







In an electric list of shooting (France):

- In 2012: 2% of LEDs
- In 2023:
 - ✓ 50% of LEDs on feature films (incl. series, TV movies)
 - ✓ 100% of LEDs for TV sets & Commercials

Have LEDs standardized the style of lighting

in the cinema?

- Few directional lights
- Only realistic light ?
- Freedom for the actors ?

At last, directional LEDs

- The return of the Fresnels
- Sharp shadows



'Cat people" – Director: Jacques Tourneur Cinematographer: Nicholas Musuraca (ASC)



"Road to perdition" – Director: Sam Mendes Cinematographer: Conrad L. Hall (ASC)





Disadvantage

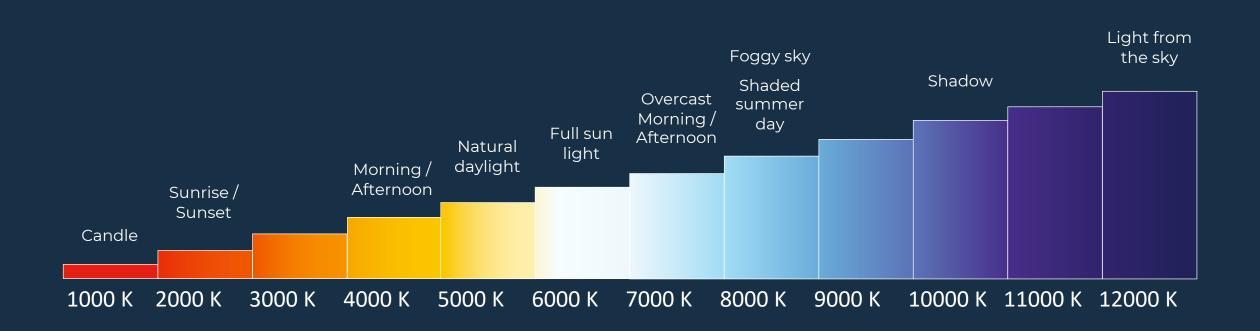
For the moment, there are no powerful and qualitative

lighting fixtures at the same time

Three types of LEDs:

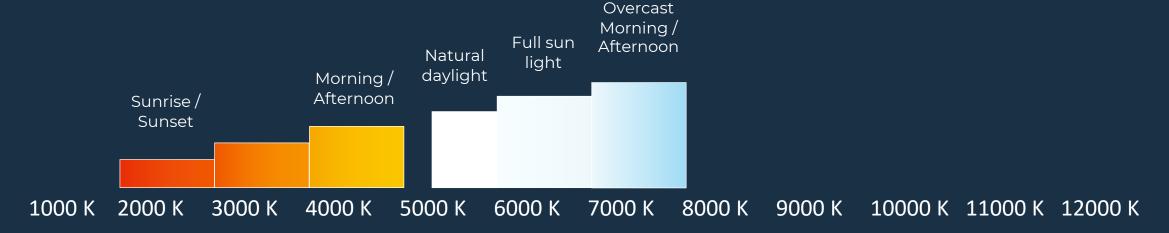
- Mono-color
- Bi-color
- Full-color

Color temperature (TC) In Kelvin (K)



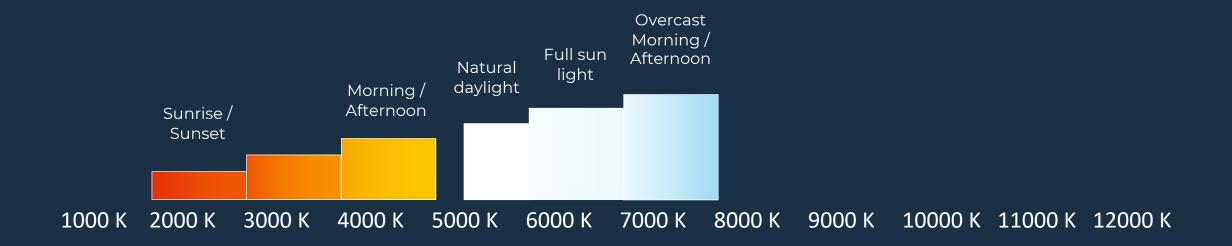
Mono-color

- Only one sigle color temperature
 - Tungstene
 - Daylight



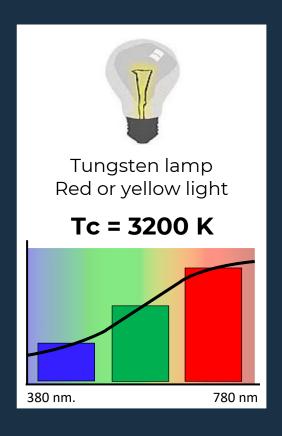
Mono-color

More powerful

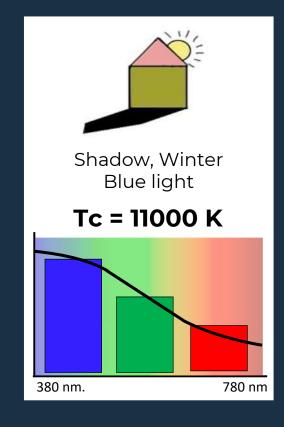


Bi-color

Only color temperatures

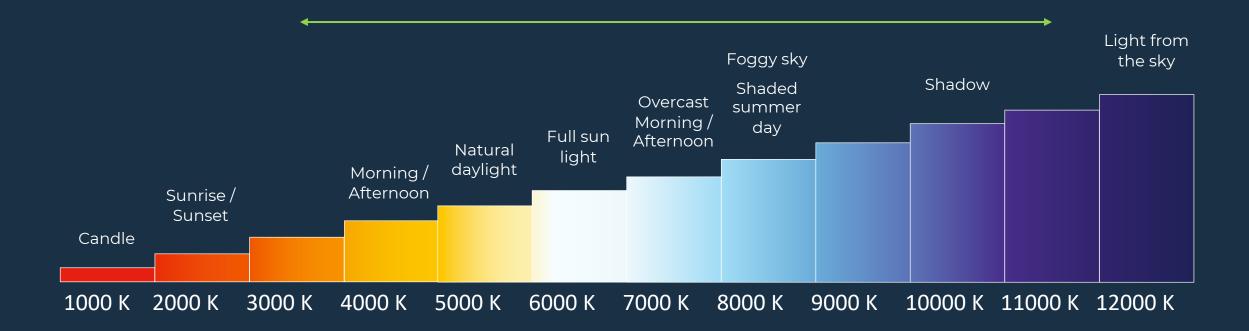






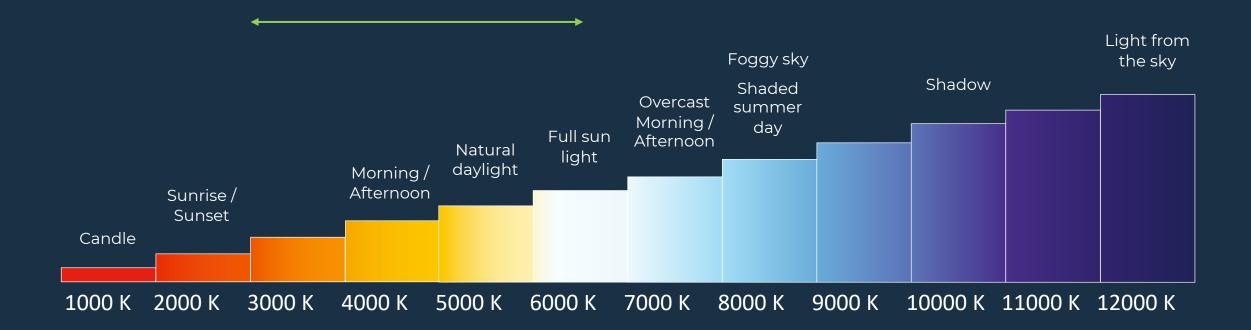
Bi-color

- Only color temperatures
 - From tungsten to daylight



Bi-color

- Only color temperatures
 - From tungsten to daylight





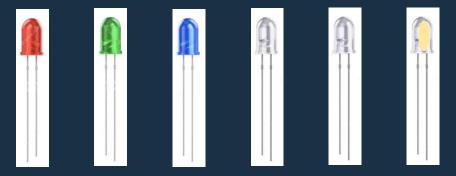
- Advantage:
 - Longer life span
 - Power: 1.5 to 3 times more powerful than Full Color

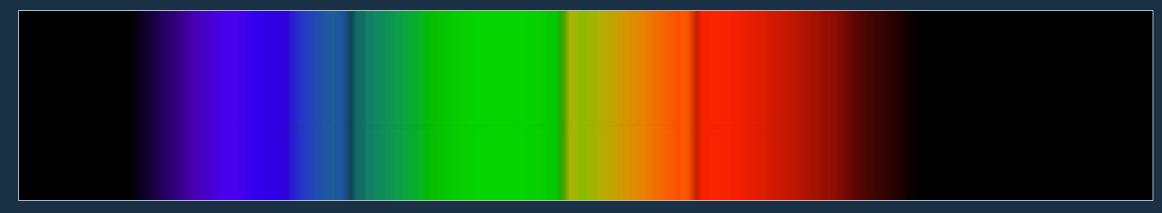


- Disadvantage:
 - Less quality in color rendering

Full-color

- A large part of the light spectrum
- Several diodes





Full-color

- Advantages:
 - No need to change gelatins anymore
 - ▼ The colours are created remotely



Console for gaffers

Full-color

- Advantages:
 - Time saving
 - Especially in the studio



LEDs

Bi-color vs Full-color

- Do we still need all the colors?
- Gelatins are still sold, why?

LEDs

New gaffer's skills

- More complex tools
- Essential and longer preparation
- Management of the lighting fixtures

linked to the digital workflow (color spaces)

LEDs

New jobs

- Lighting designers
- Programmers
- Electricians (in charge of intelligent lighting)

LEDs

New team building

Teams must adapt to methodologies that

come from the show business

LEDs

The role of the plateforms

Platform- approved cameras

Netflix-Approved Cameras

And soon ... approved lighting fixtures

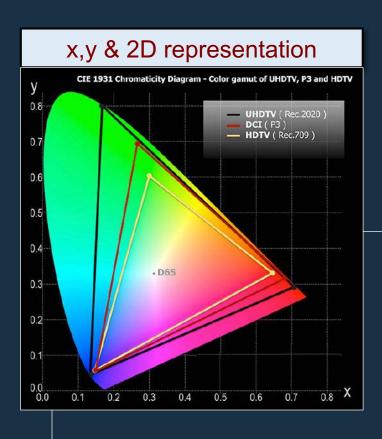
Netflix-Approved Lighting

IMAGO TC

Meeting with Netflix (Camerimage 2019)

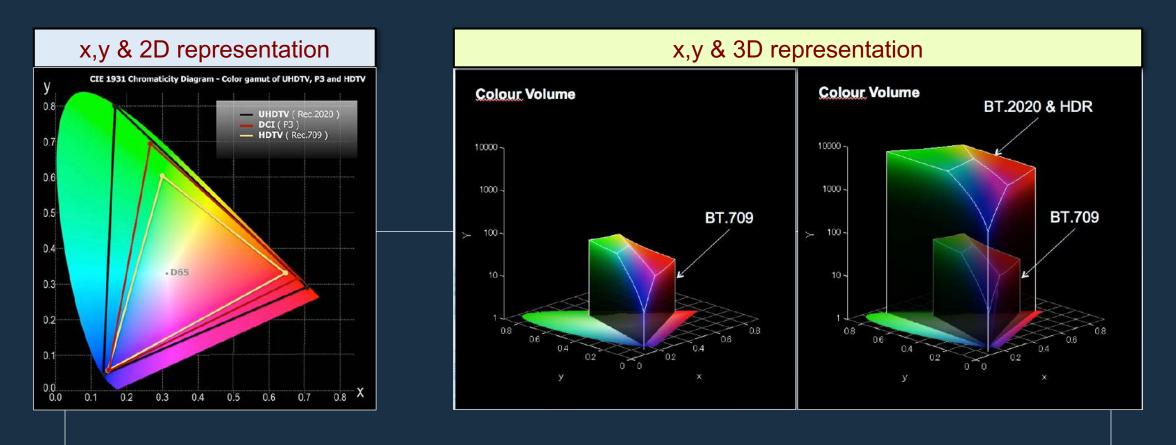


LEDs



Importance of color spaces

LEDs

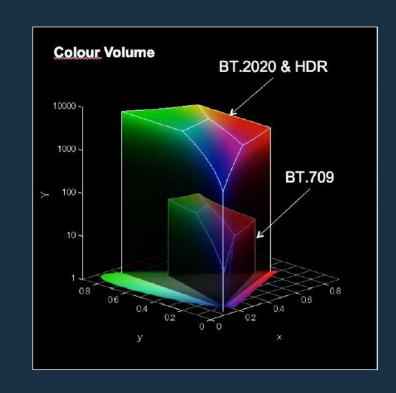


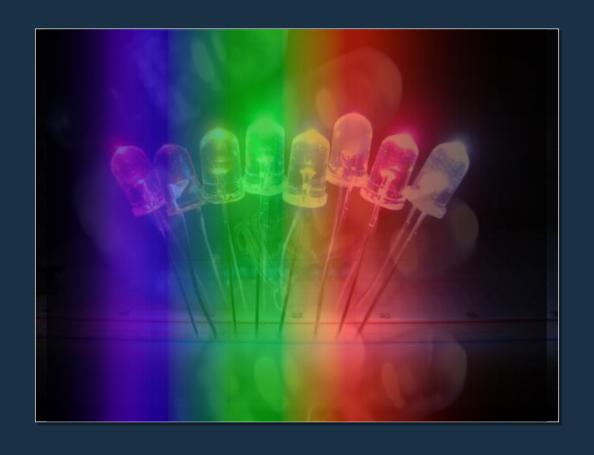
To approach the color space in its three dimensions

LEDs

The future of the use of LEDs is closely linked to the management of the color spaces related to the cameras.

We see many manufacturers offering color space control in their cameras.





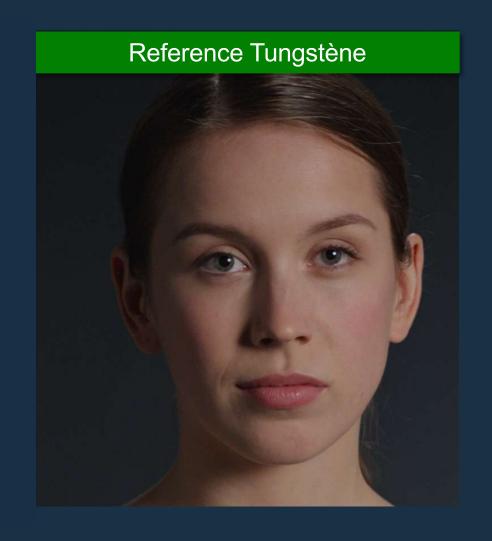
4. LEDs and Spectrum

LEDs

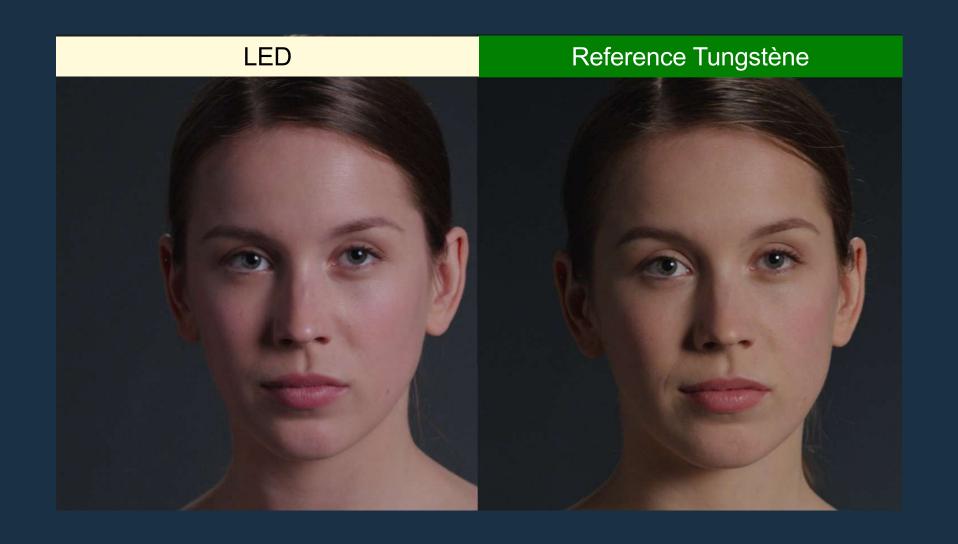
Disadvantages

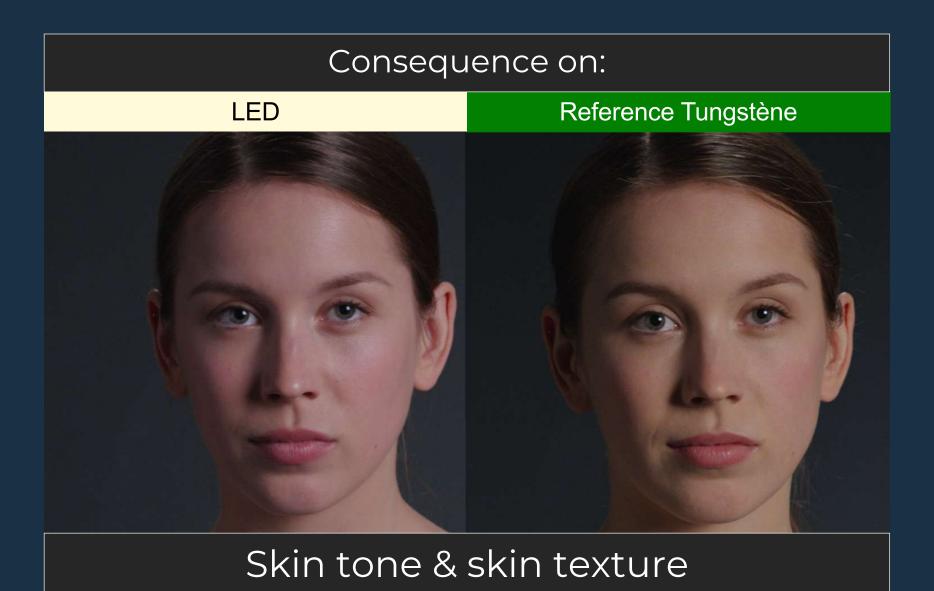
Discontinuous light spectrum

Color rendering



Color rendering







Tungsten light

Continuous light spectrum

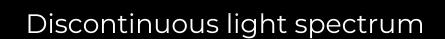


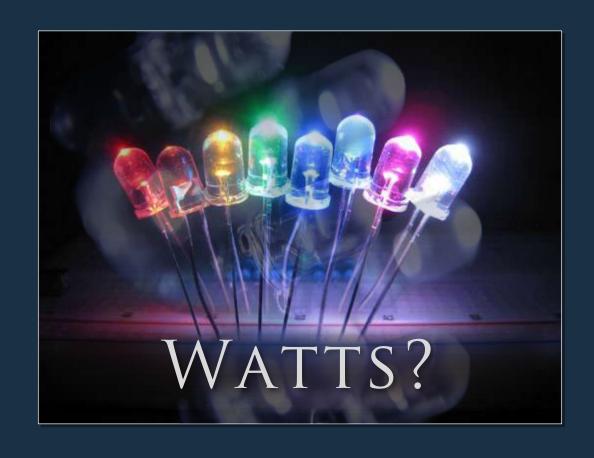
LED light

Discontinuous light spectrum



Fluorescent light





5. LEDs & Power

LEDs

Disadvantages

Confusion about the power of the LEDs

With tungsten or HMI we know:

- What type of lighting fixtures we need in terms of power,
- Regardless of the brand.

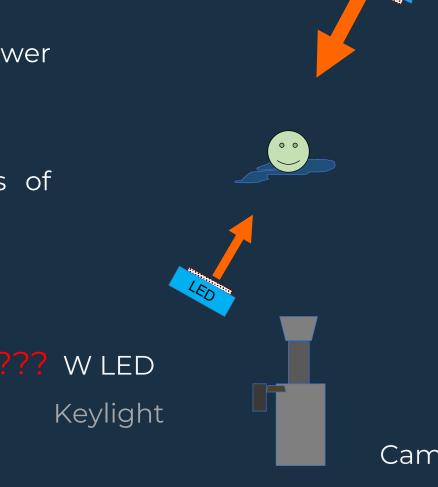




Caméra

For LEDs, we are often confused by the power indications.

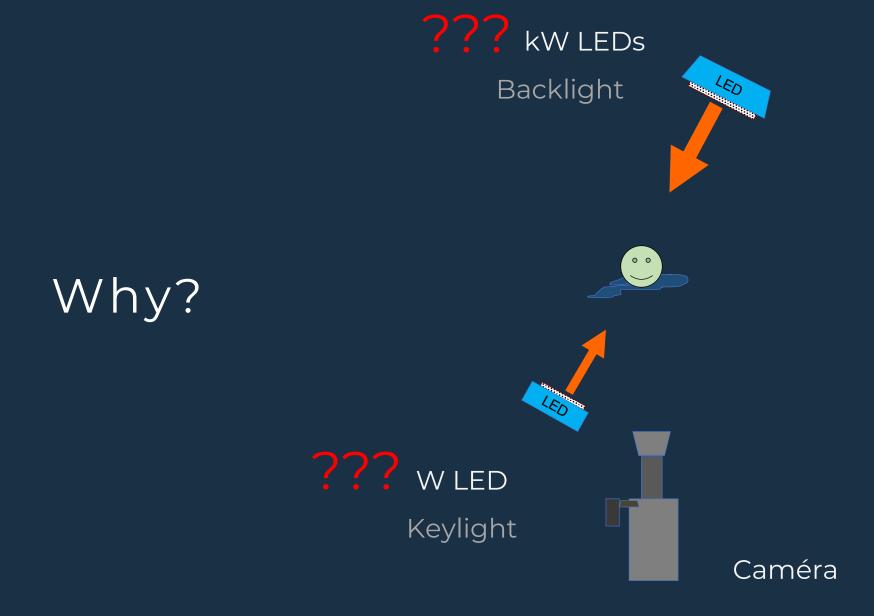
They seem to give very different levels of illumination depending on the brand.



??? kW LEDs

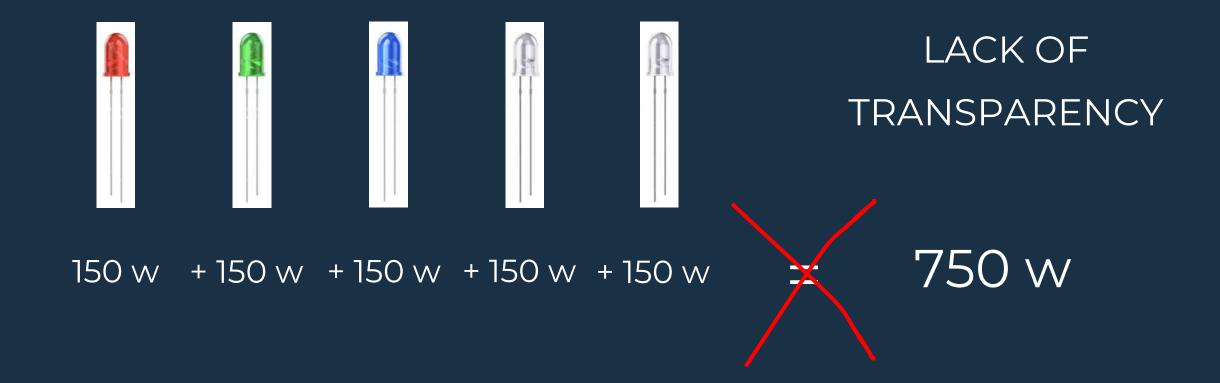
Backlight

Caméra



LEDs & Numbers

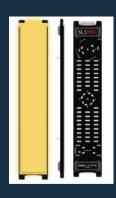
Exemple: FULL-COLOUR RGBWW



LEDs & Numbers

Exemple: ROSCO DMG SL1 MIX (Full-color)

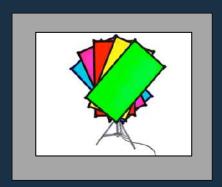
- Softlight designed with groups of 6 LEDs of 0.8 W.
- The SL1 has 96 groups of 6 x LEDs
- Theoretical power would therefore be $96 \times 6 \times 0.8 = 460 \text{ W}$.
- Why does ROSCO DMG call it a 200W and not a 460W?



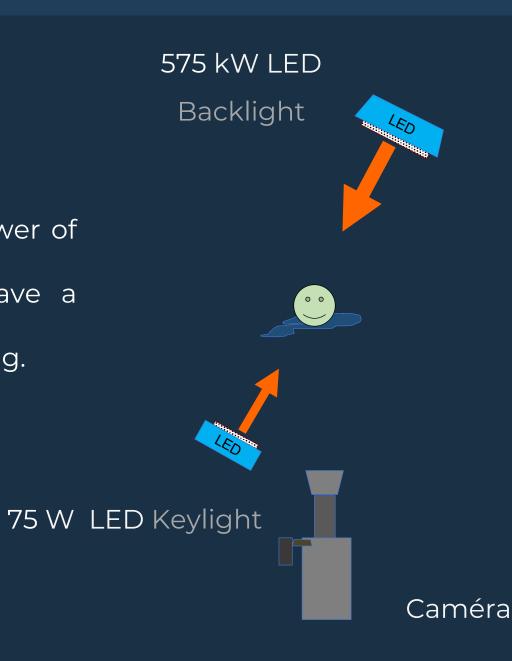
LEDs & Numbers

Exemple: KINO FLO CELEB 575 w (Full-color)

- Softlight designed with with 5 x 200 w LED
- Theoretical power 5 x 200W = 1000 w
- Why does KINO FLO call an LED 575 w and not 1000 w?
- LEDs are never used at their maximum power
- Otherwise the device will overheat



Only a few manufacturers give the real power of their projectors considering that they have a power threshold in order to avoid overheating.





Conference of Light & SSI

CONFERENCE OF LIGHT

LED TESTS

Berlin - May 2019

Tests organised and designed by:



Michael CARSTENS

DRS Delight Rental Services,

Berlin



Timm BRÜCKNER

Gaffer

Berlin



Nick SHAPLEY
Founder & Managing Director
of LCA
London

Cinematography by:



Matthias FLEISCHER
Cinematographer, BVK
Berlin

Grading session by



Tobias WIEDMER

Colorist

CineChromatix

Berlin

Mesureament & color science checked by:



Dirk MEIER

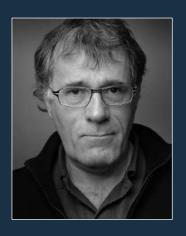
Colorist, BVK, CSI

Consultant

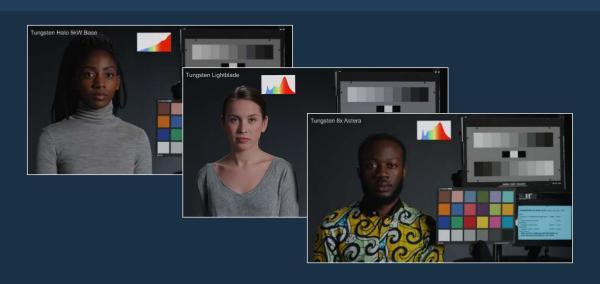
Member of the IMAGO TC

Berlin

Presentation by:



Philippe ROS
Cinematographer, AFC
Co-chair of the IMAGO TC
France





12 LED lighting fixtures were tested with:

- Different skin tones
- Different level of lights
- Different color temperatures

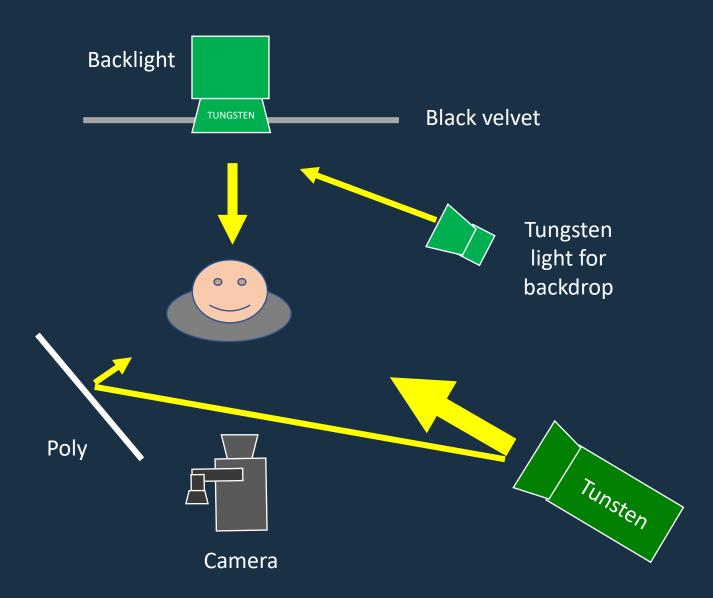






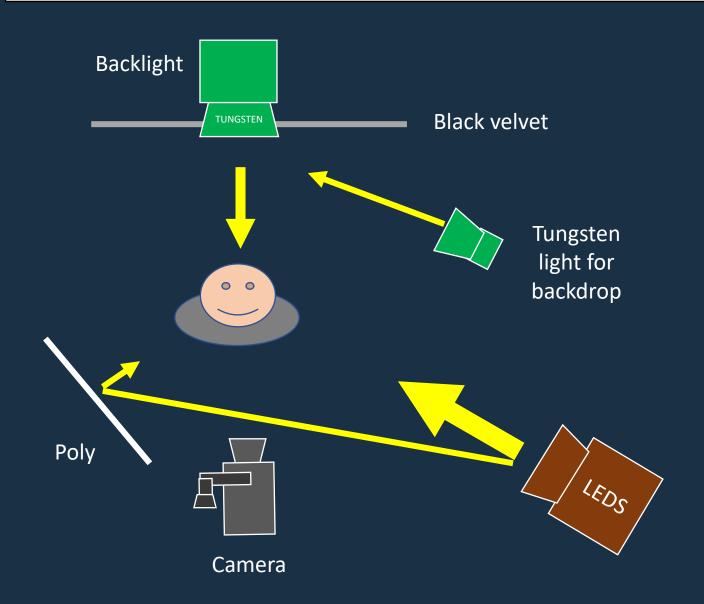
- Shot on an ARRI Alexa LF,
- 75mm Signature Prime at T-stop 4
- RAW recording file,
- 4K D.I workflow (No ACES) on Scratch at Cinechromatix Berlin.

GENERAL SETUP





GENERAL SETUP





GRADING METHODOLOGY



Applied on LEDs





Tungsten settings





Cinex

Wedge

Parallel with the film strip used to grade in the analog way



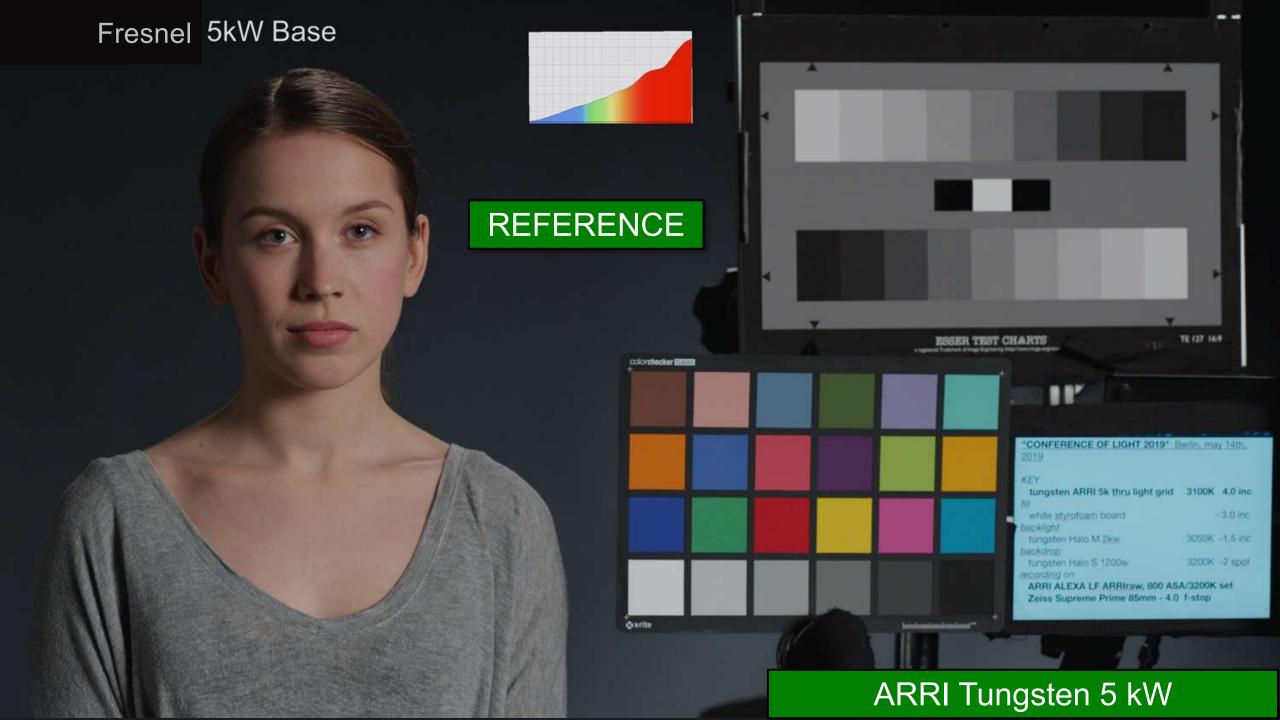
Cinex

Wedge

Quickly perceive through visual memory the harmony or not of a series of images

BRIGHT SKIN TONE

Large shot

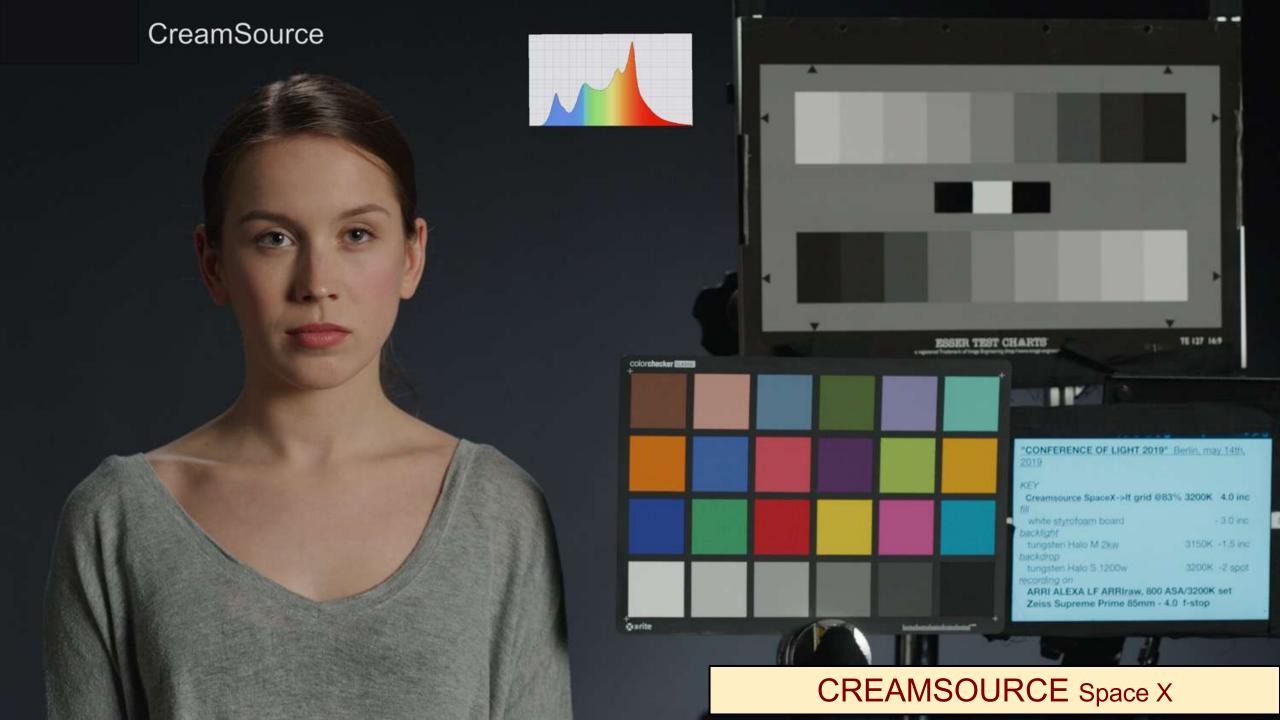


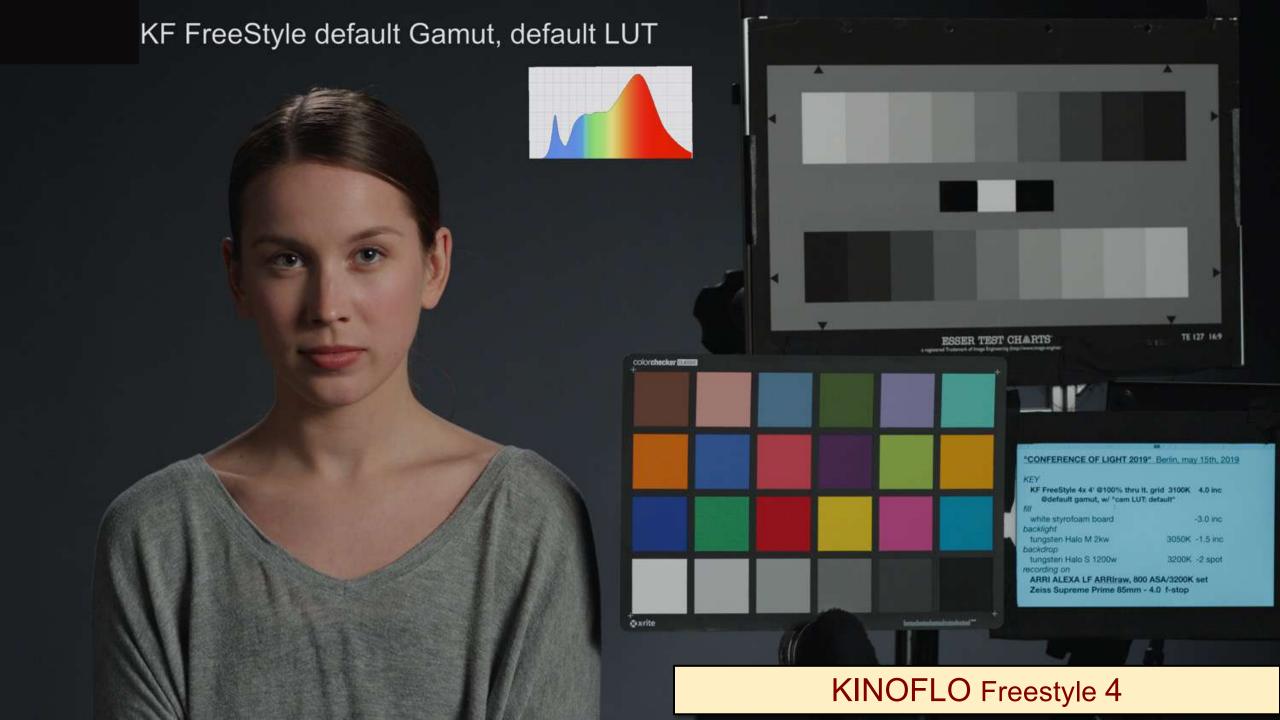


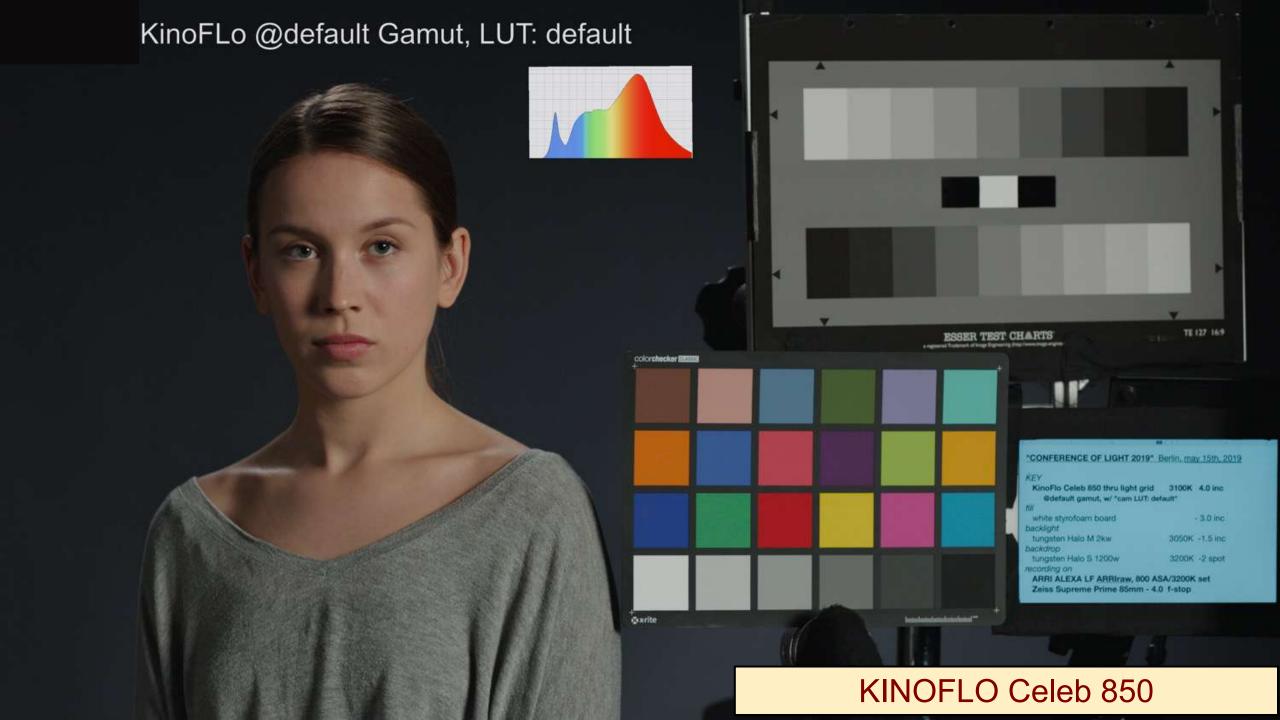




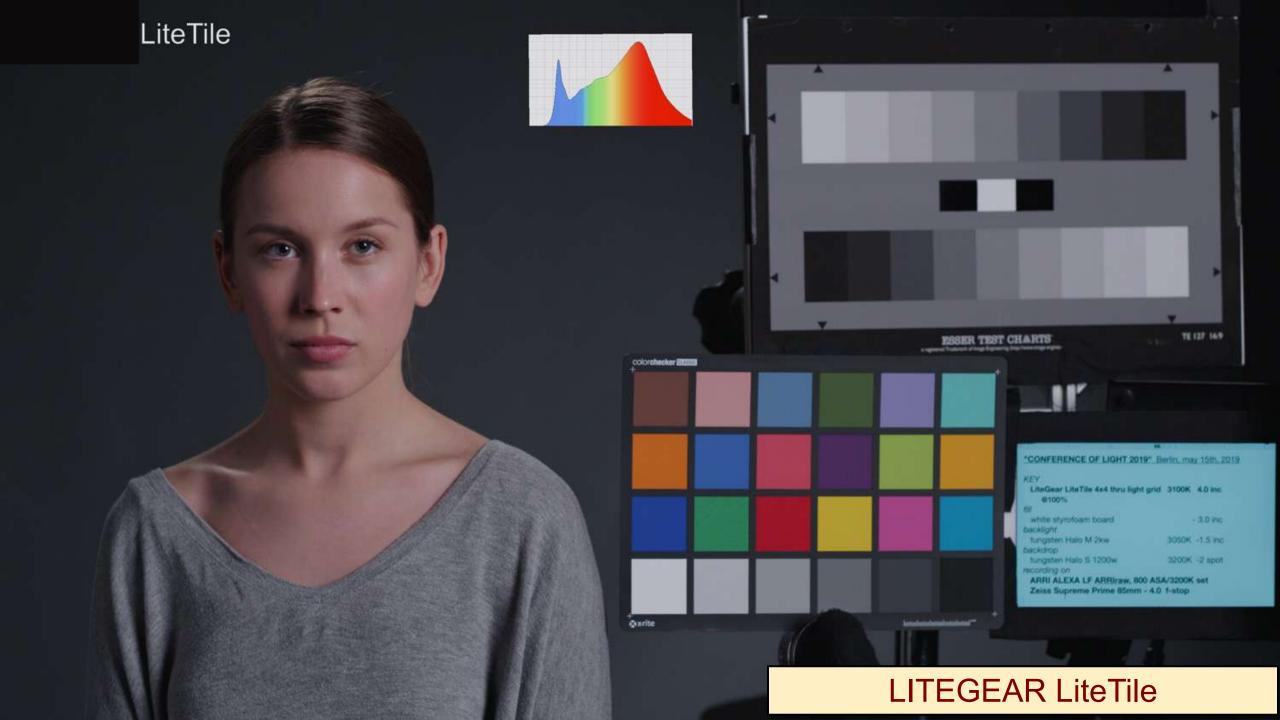


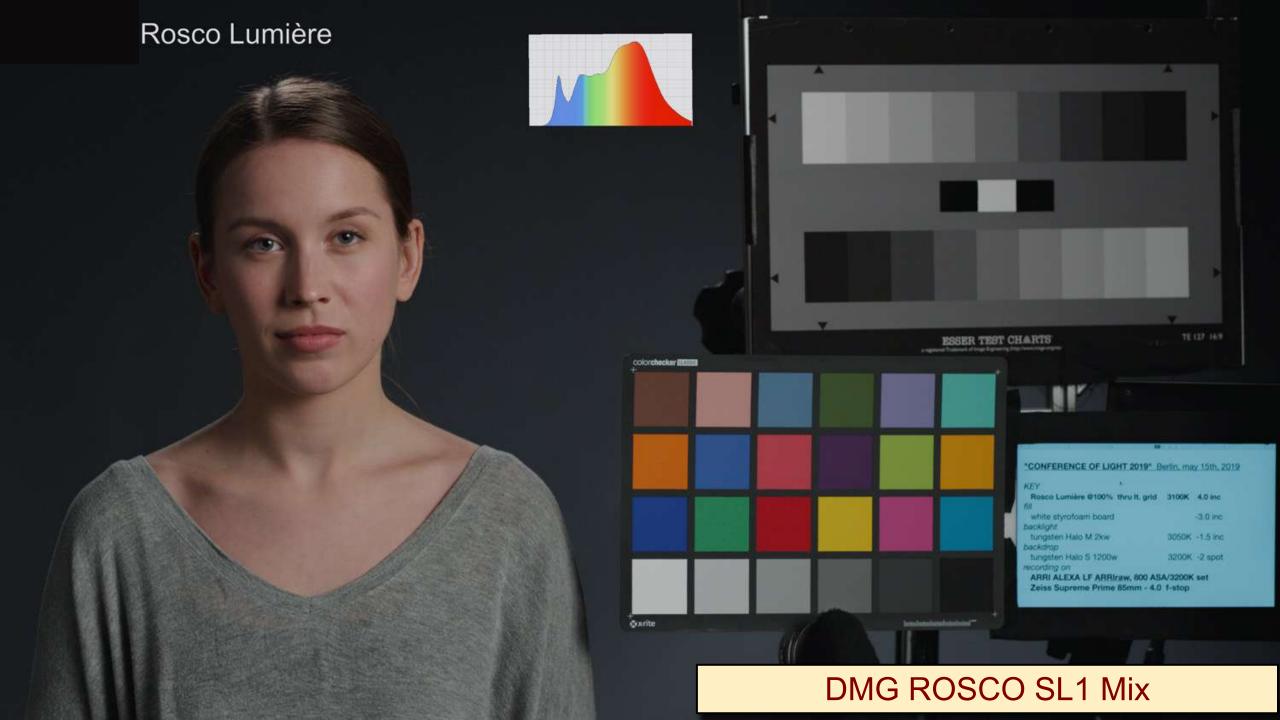


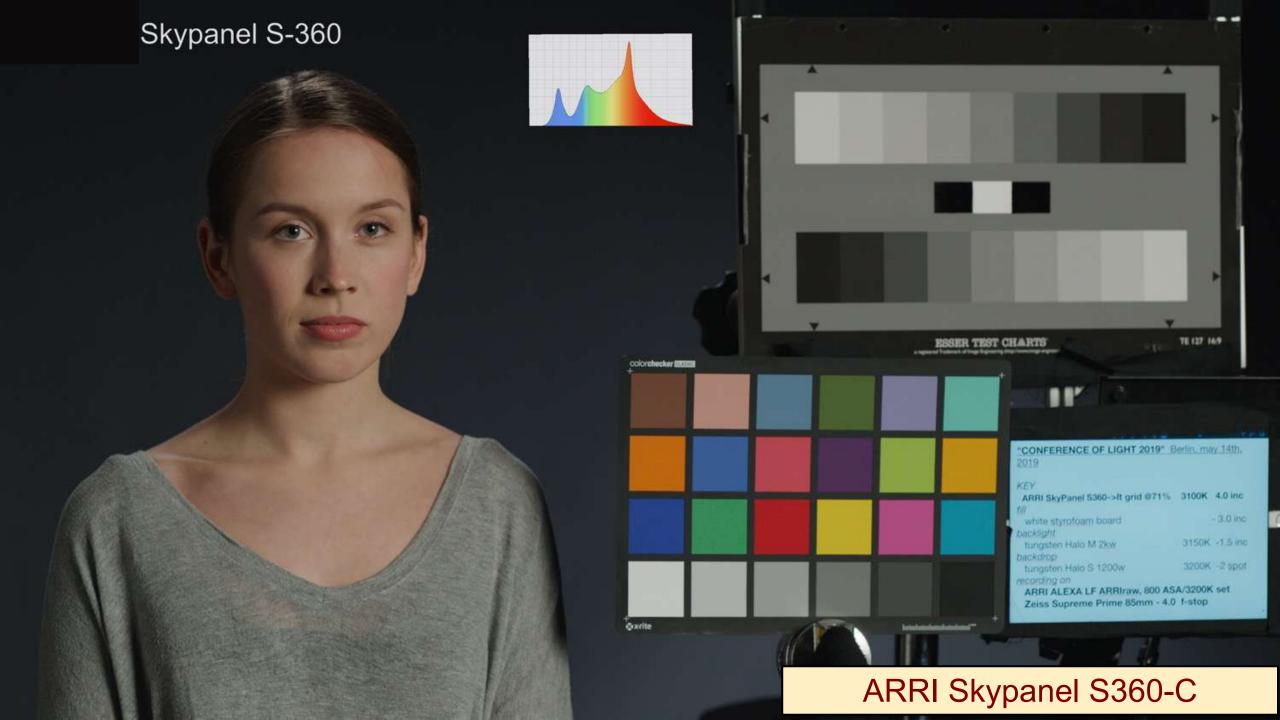


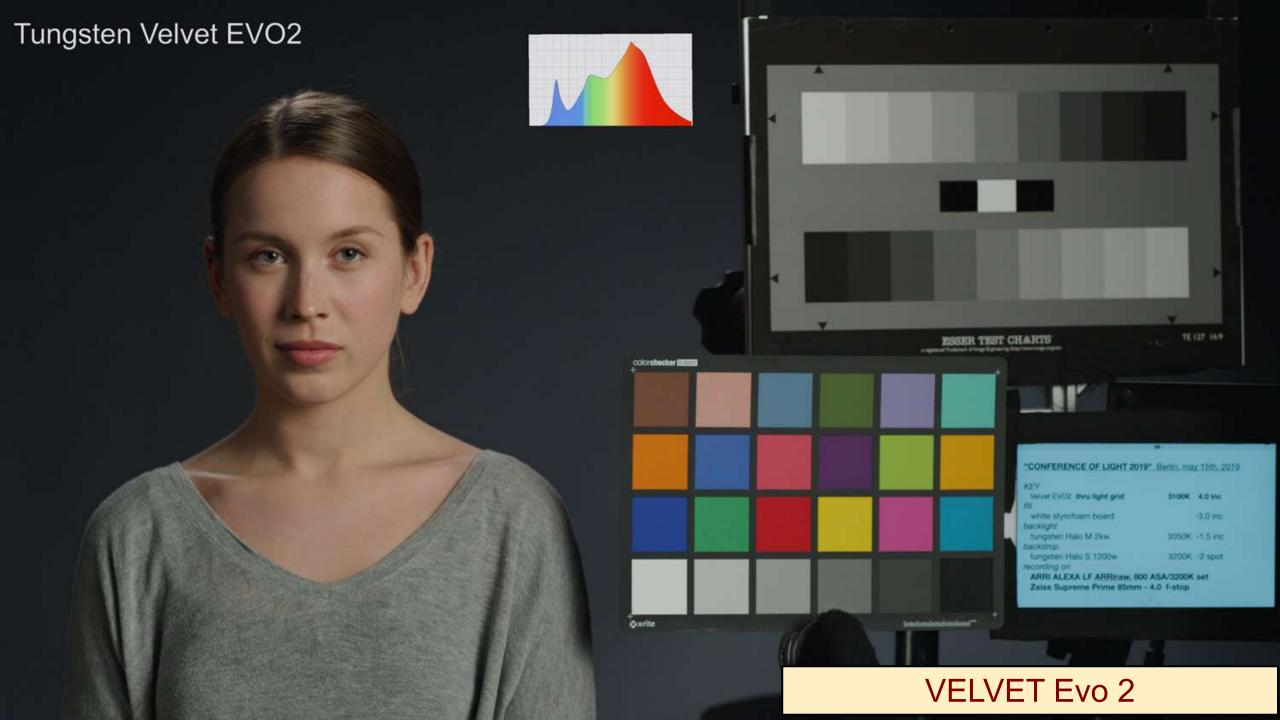
















For this series of tests:

- No intention to judge the quality of each LED
- The idea: To see what happens to skin tone when you use different brands of LEDs on set.

With few exceptions:

No electrical list uses only one brand of lighting fixtures

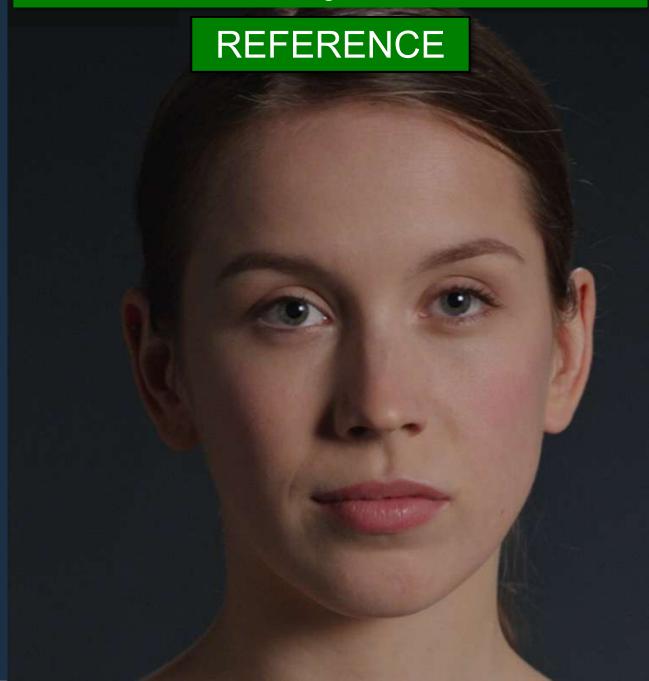
These tests were decided:

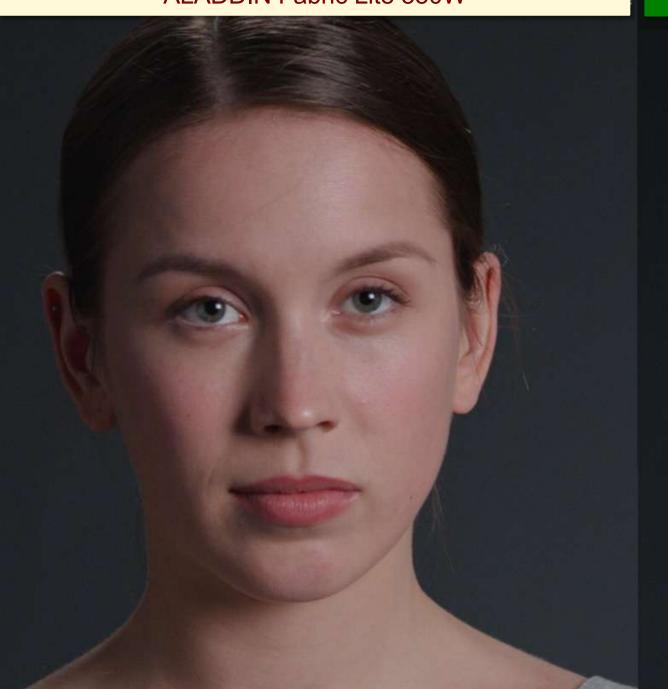
- By Timm, the gaffer, and Michael, the renter, who had noticed great disparities between the lighting fixtures
- By Toby and Dirk, the two colorists who had to deal with these defects

BRIGHT SKIN TONE

Close shot

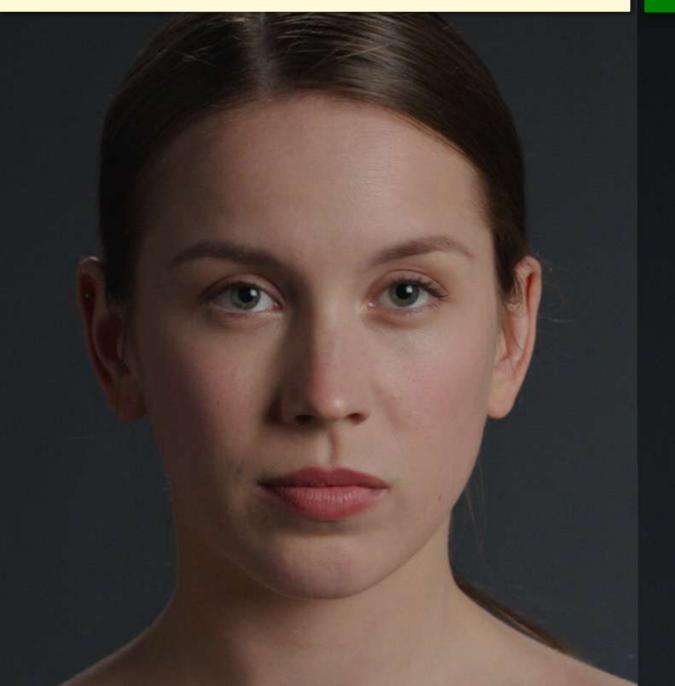
ARRI Tungsten 5 kW



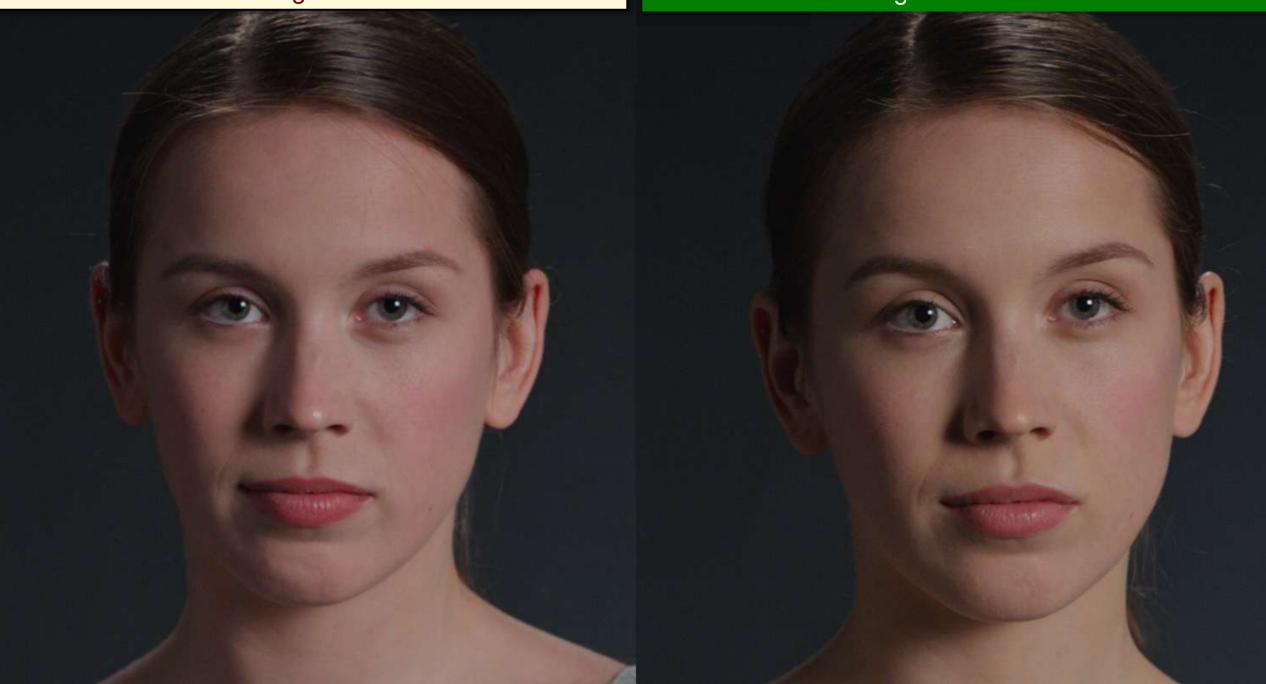




ASTERA Titan Tubes





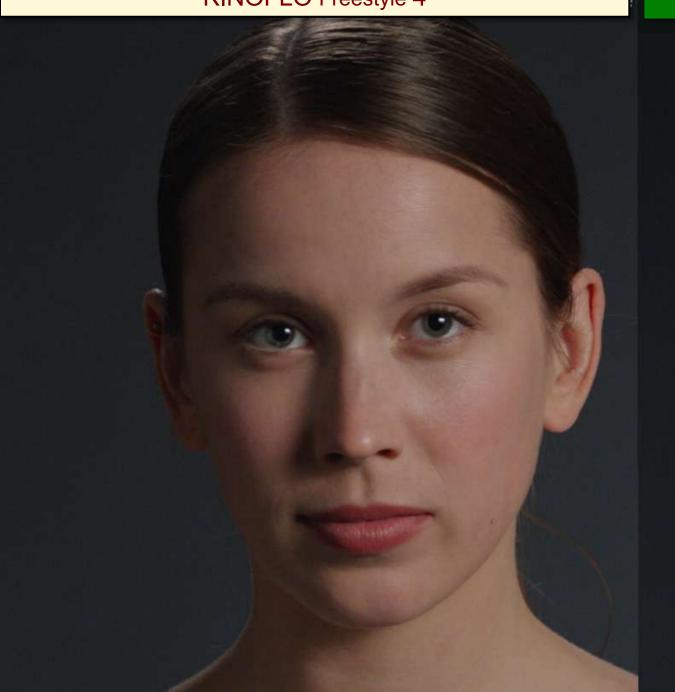




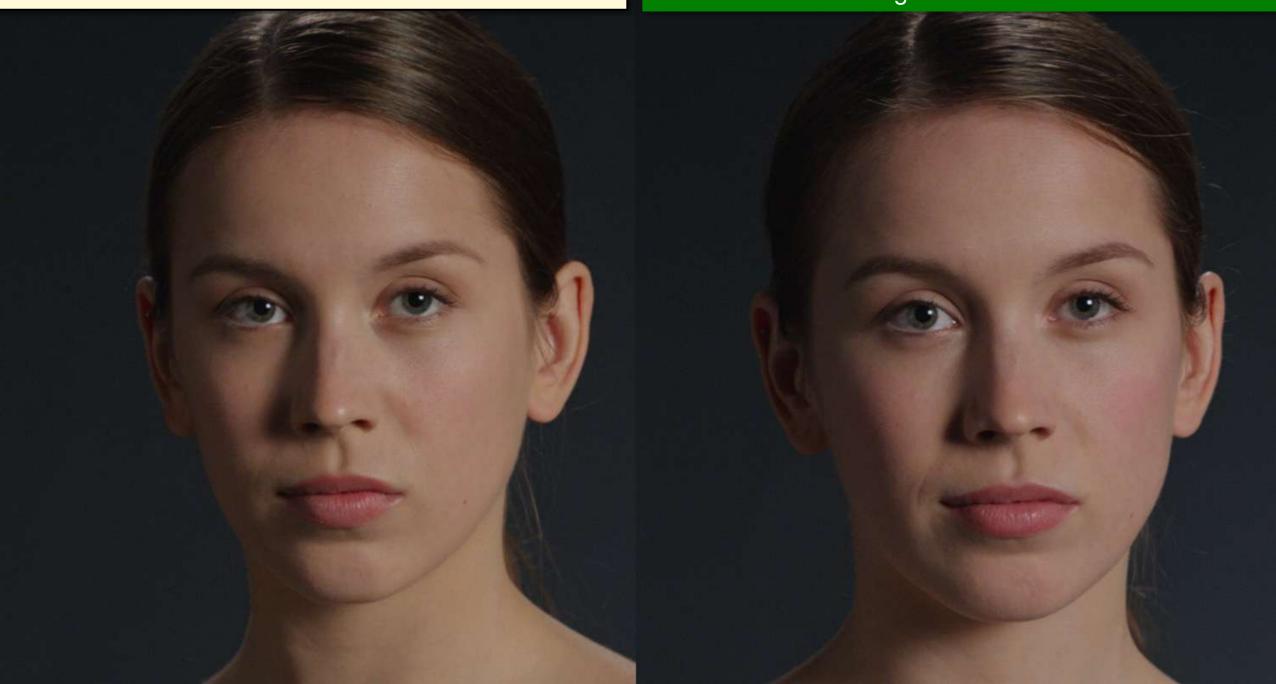










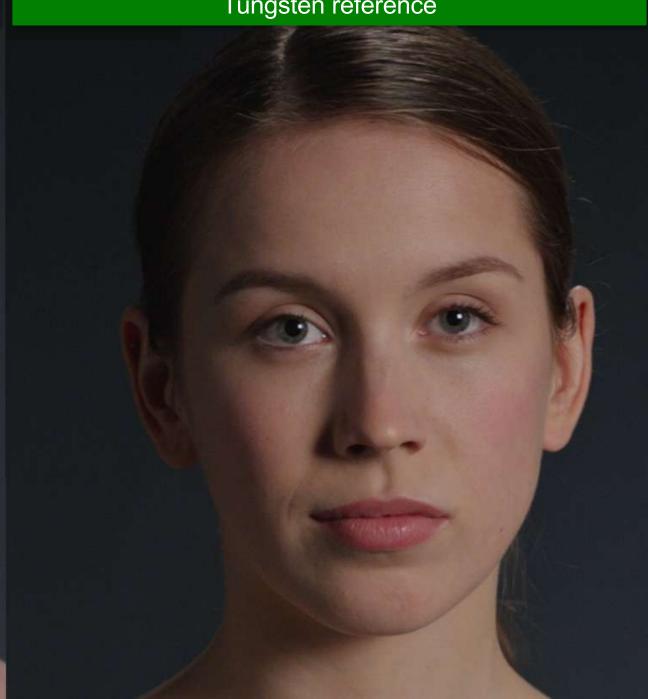


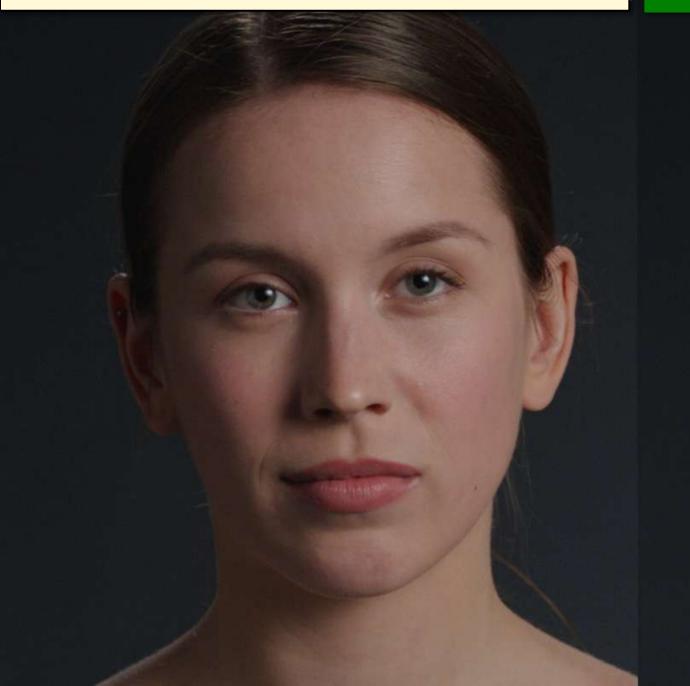




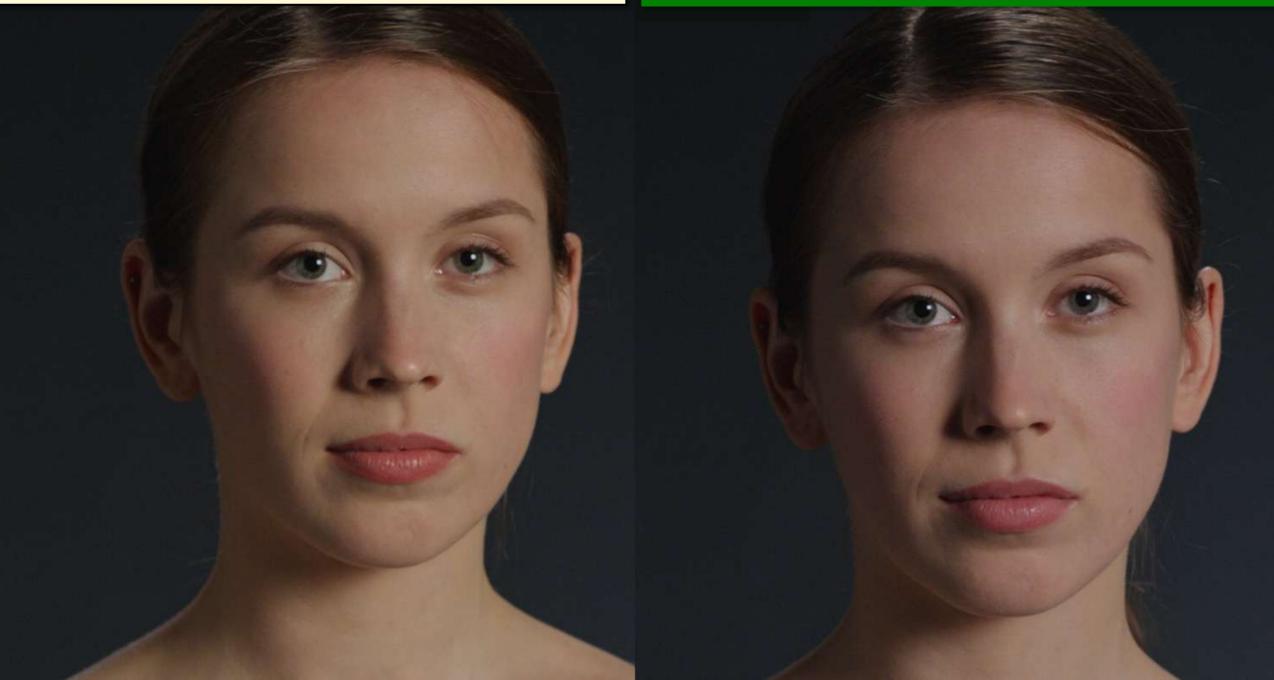
LITEGEAR LiteTile





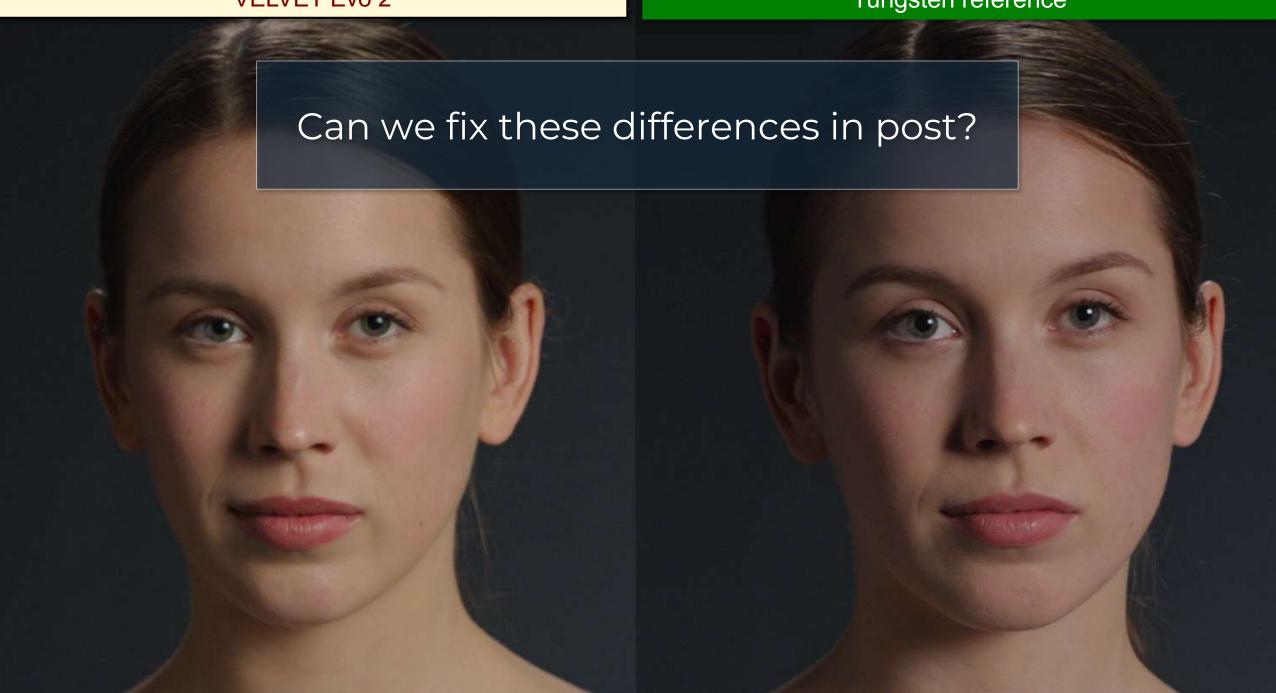












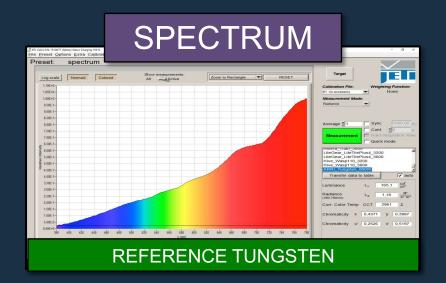
No, we cannot

But it also depends on the colour science of:

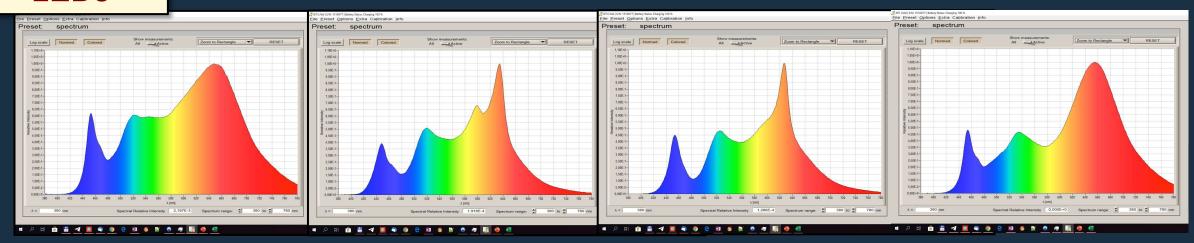
- The camera
- The post-production

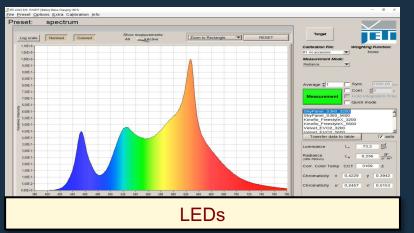
How to judge the quality of a led?

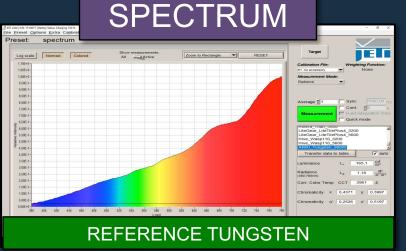
THE SPECTRUM

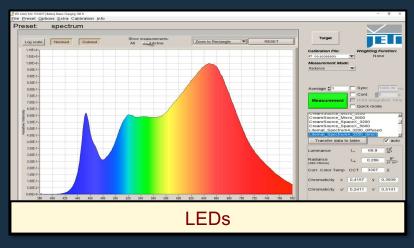


LEDs









- Ideally the distribution of the spectrum should be continuous as smooth as possible without particular peaks and dips
- The width of the spectrum is also an important parameter.

- Why such differences?
- Can they be measured?
- With which tools?

Measurements:

WHICH TOOLS?

Commonly used by cinematographers & gaffers

ASENTEK Lighting Passport Pro SEKONIC C800

GOSSEN MAVOSPEC

UPRtek MK350N Premium Spectrometer



1400 €



€ 2100€

1200€

1700 €

Used by the Academy

Photo Research PR-740 spectroradiometer



20000€

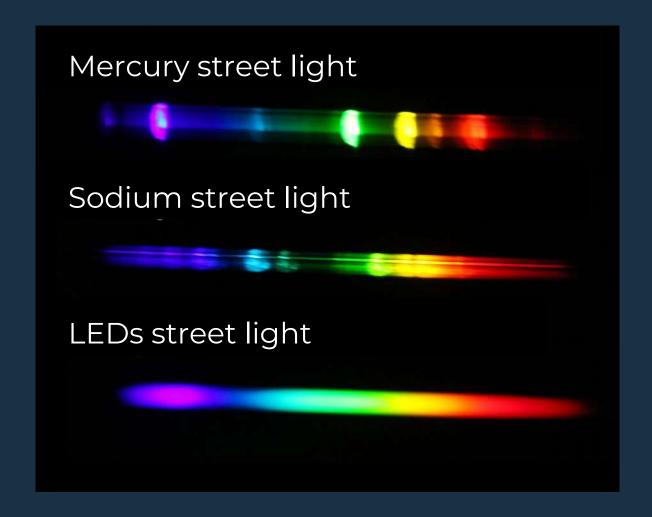
METRICS & SSI

A simple tool to judge a spectrum



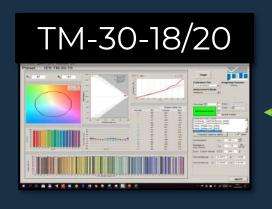
David Stump
Cinematographer, ASC
MITC
IMAGO TC co-chair

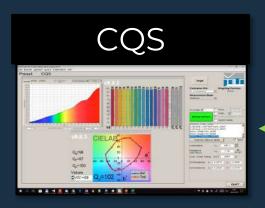


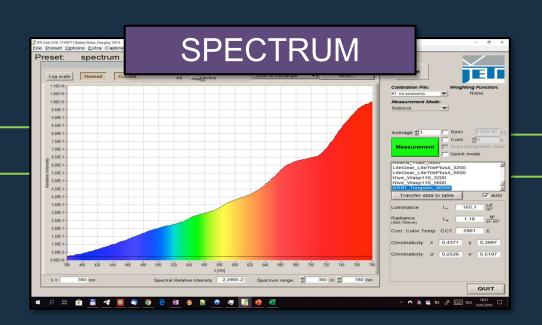


Measurements:

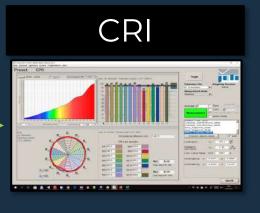
WHICH METRICS?



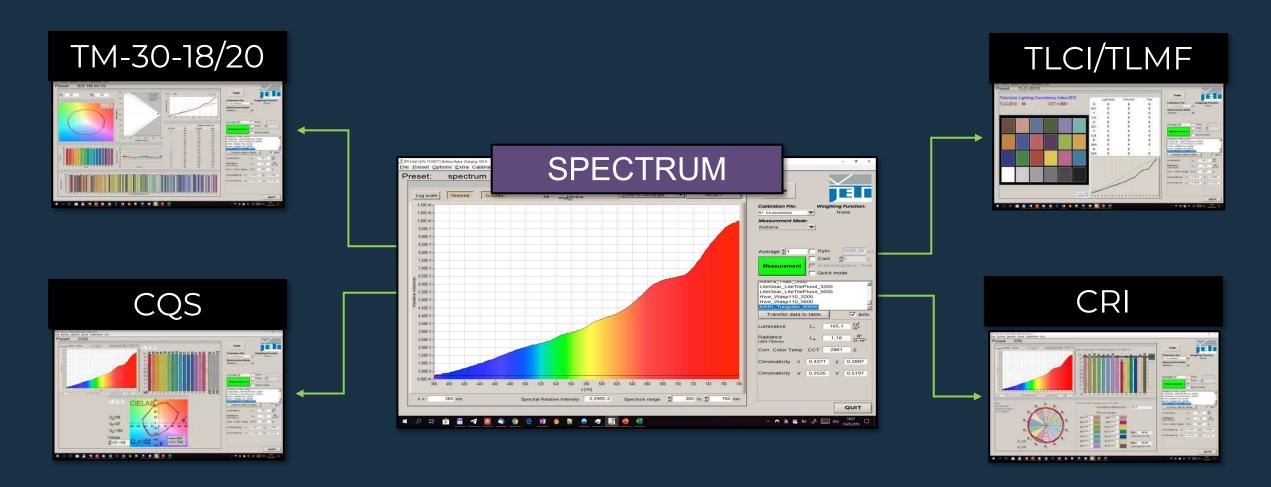








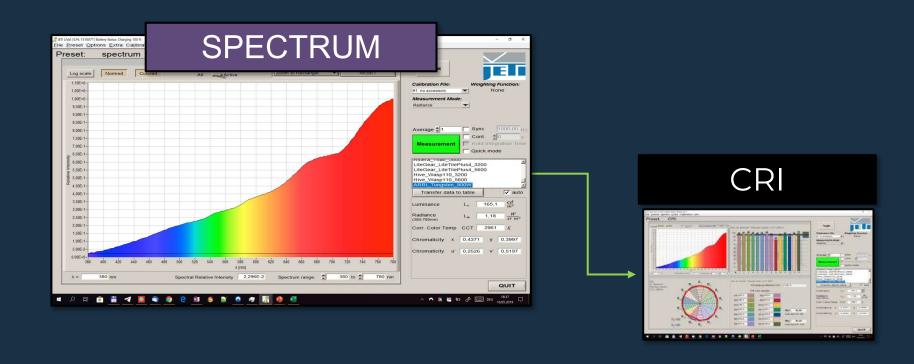
These 4 index refer to the eye or to TV cameras



It is important to note that CRI is no longer considered a valid way to measure

LEDs.

But it is very often used.



Esmeralda Easel Split-Macbeth





Esmeralda Easel Split-Macbeth

Two Macbeth Color Checker charts:

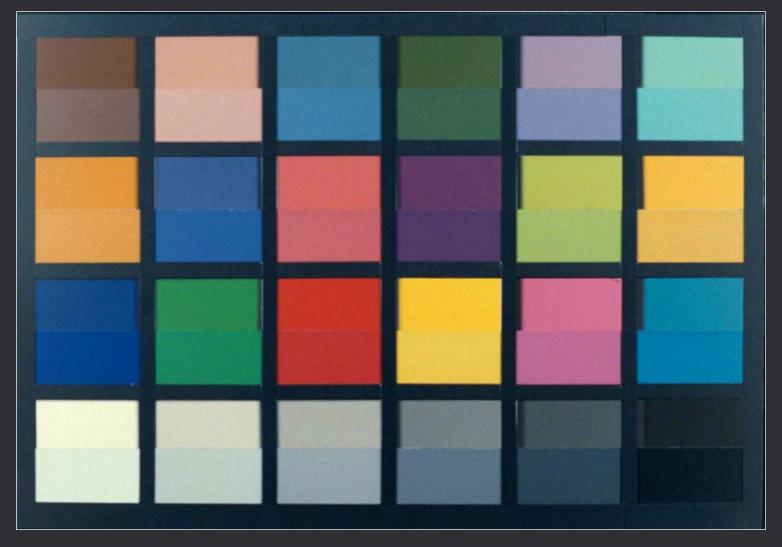
- The first in the foreground lit by a tungsten source consists of squares of color with only the upper part preserved. The other recessed part allows you to see behind, the second larger chart.
- The second chart is it lit by an LED



Academy Spectral Similarity Index (SSI): Overview 2020-09-16 © 2020
Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences

©2017 AMPAS

Esmeralda Easel Split-Macbeth

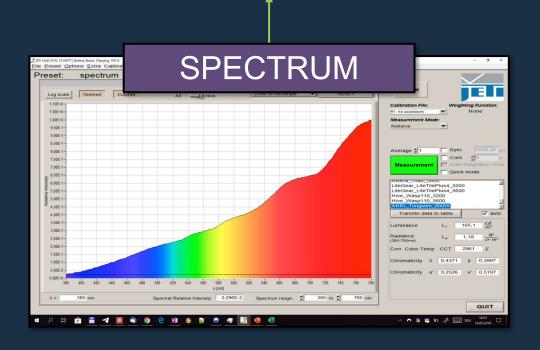






SSI

Spectral Similarity Index
A metric dedicated to LEDs
used in cinematography.





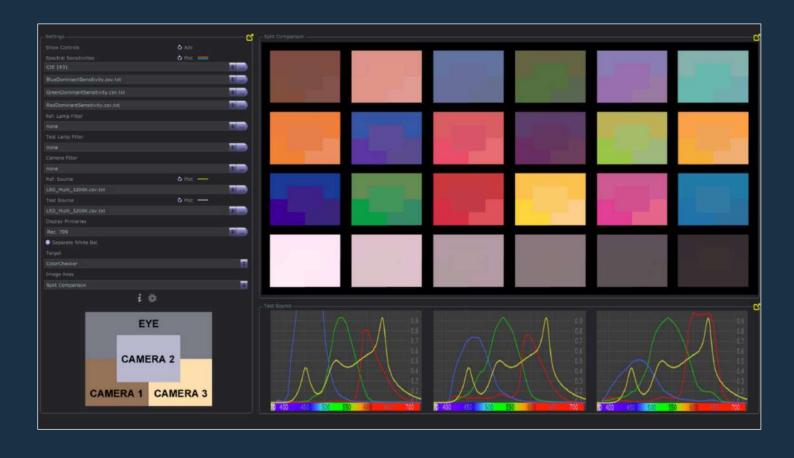
All digital cameras for cinematography have a unique perception of color











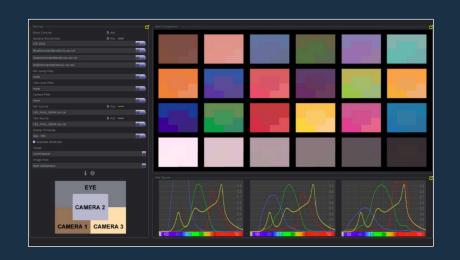
Academy Spectral Similarity Index (SSI):

Overview 2020-09-16

© 2020 Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences

This figure is a graphic simulation of how the human eye and three digital cameras with different spectralsensitivities "see" color.

The yellow curve represents an actual LED source commonly used in cinematography.



Academy Spectral Similarity Index (SSI):

Overview 2020-09-16

© 2020 Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences

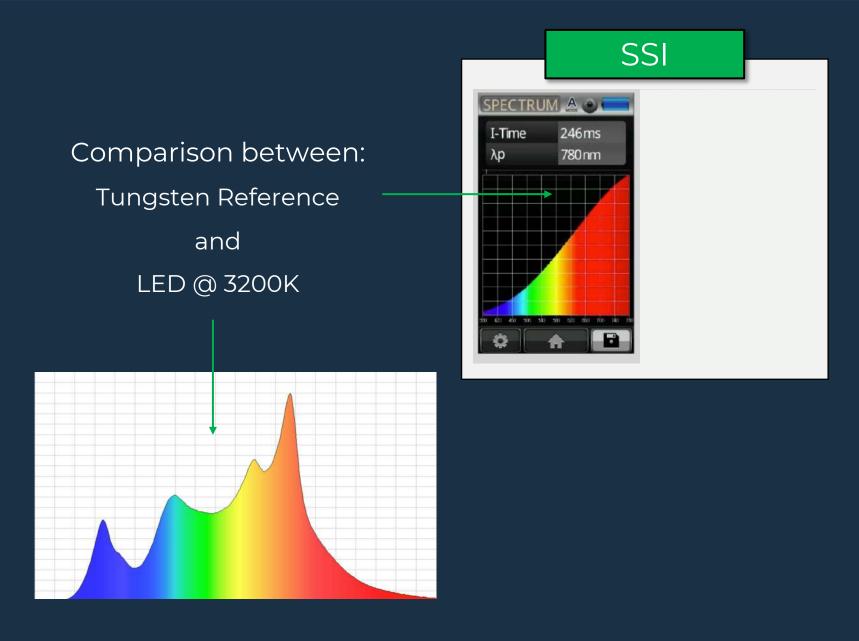
The red, green and blue curves represent the spectral sensitivities of the three cameras. Each of the color patches, from a Macbeth Color Checker chart, is rendered in distinct sections that correspond to the human eye and cameras 1, 2 and 3 (the key is located at the lower left of the figure).

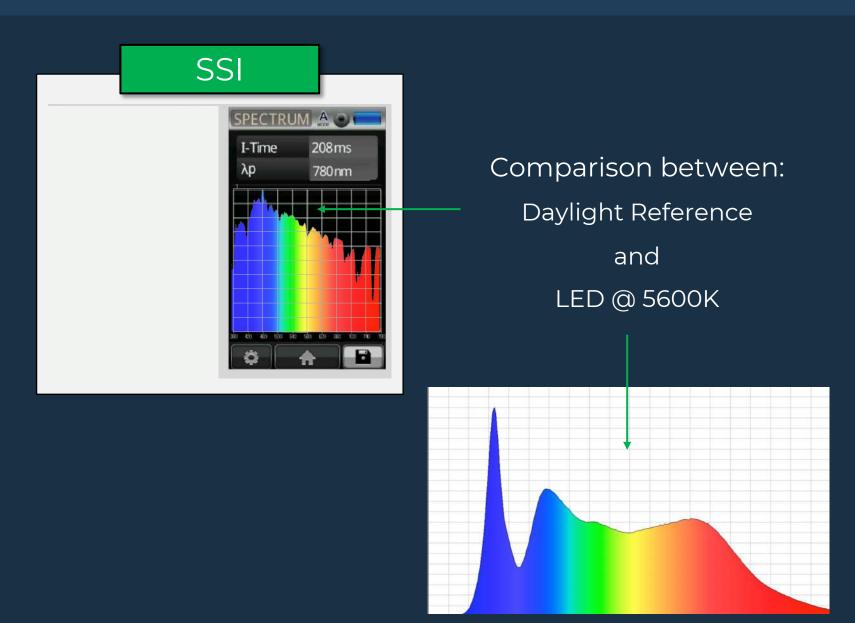
As Figure 1 illustrates, a light source's CRI – in this case, a relatively high value of 92 – is not a reliable predictor of color-rendering accuracy.

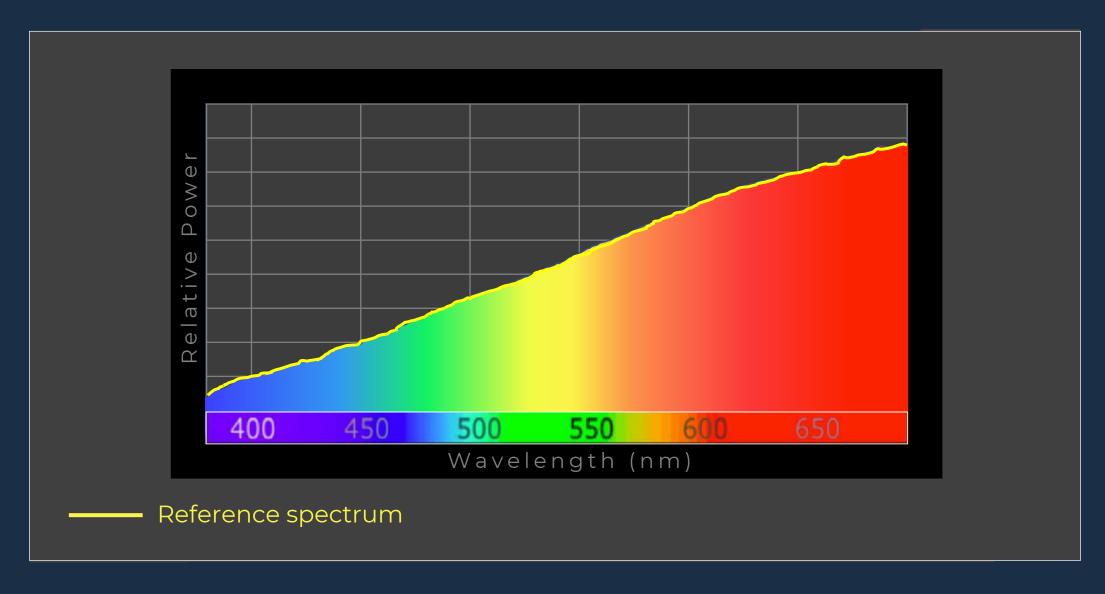


The SSI compares an LED light to a known reference light, commonly used for cinema lighting:

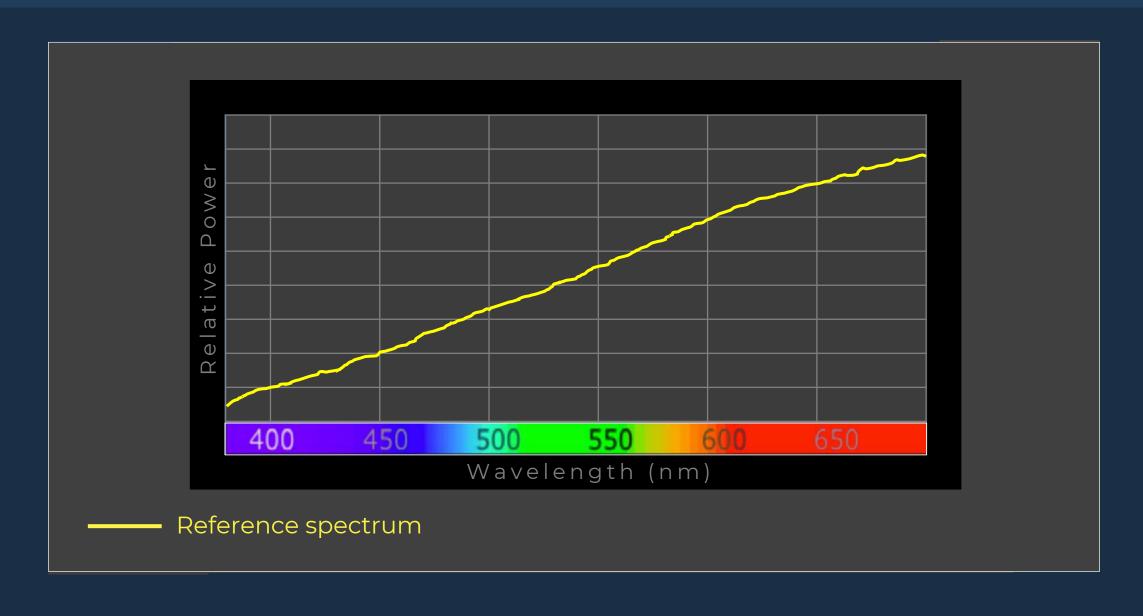
- Incandescent studio light or
- Standard daylight

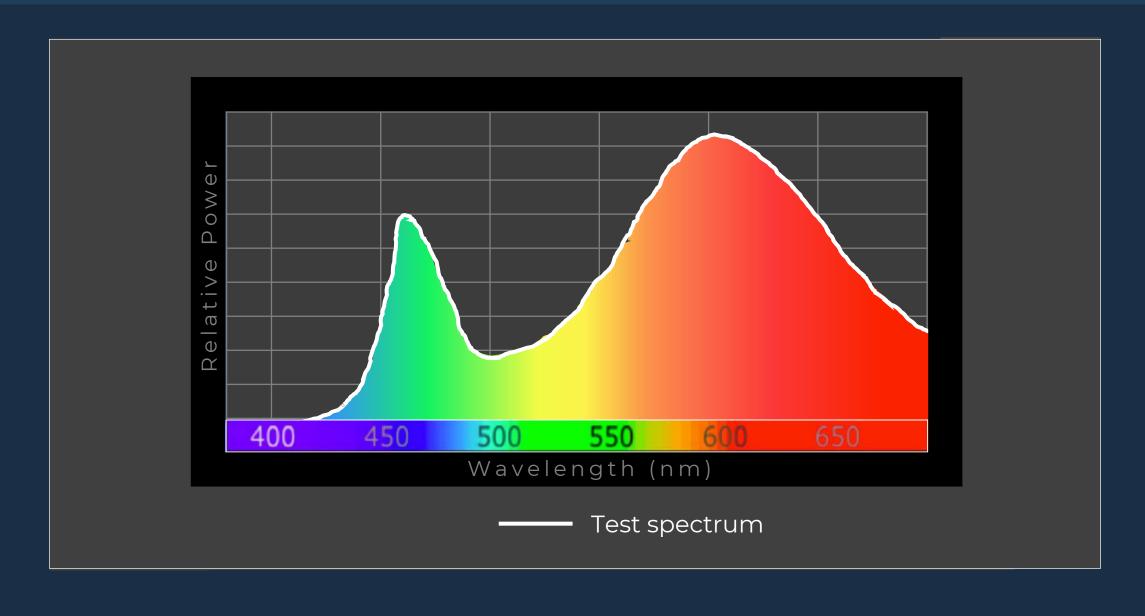


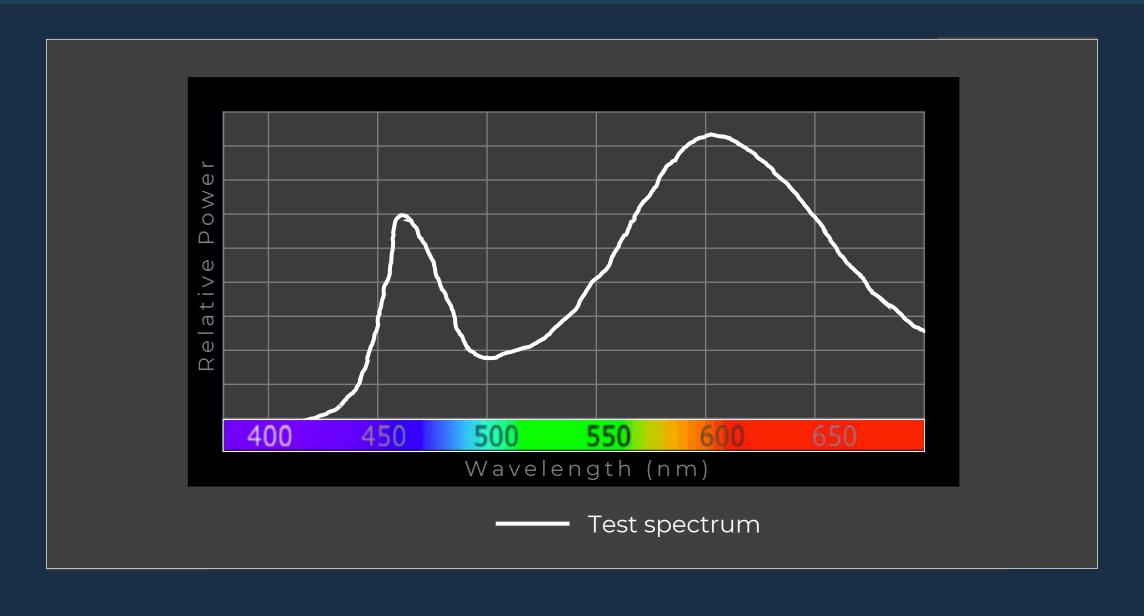


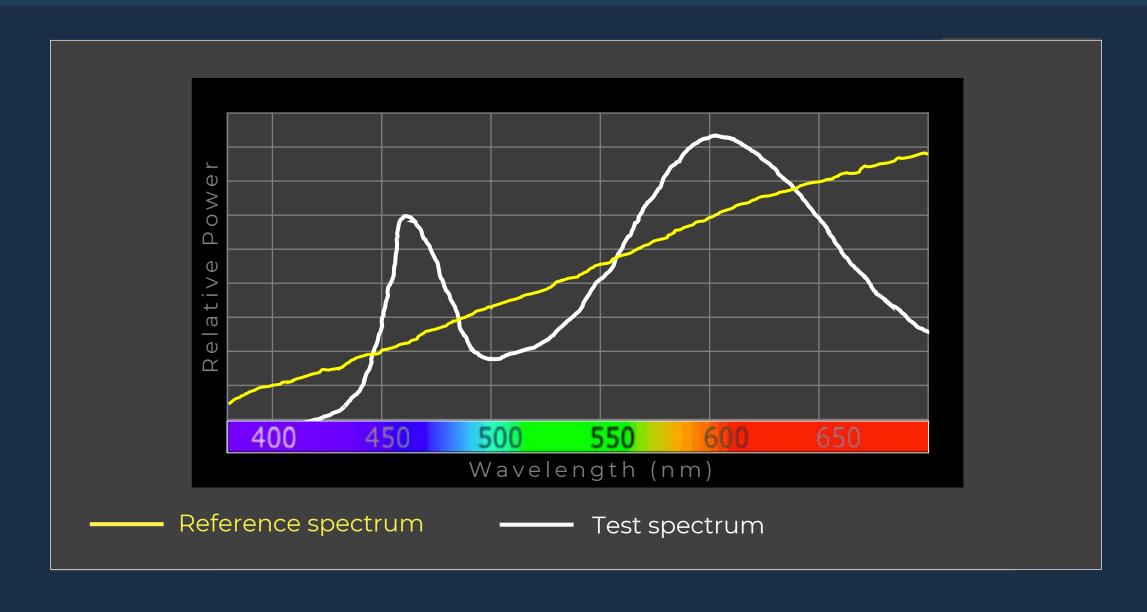


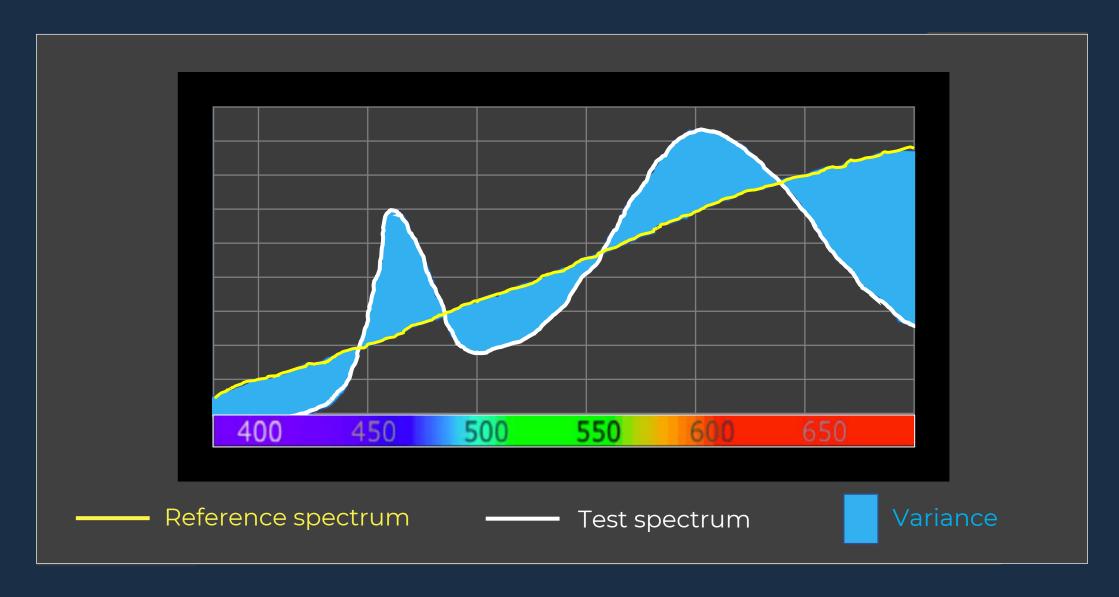
Academy Spectral Similarity Index (SSI): Overview 2020-09-16 © 2020 Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences



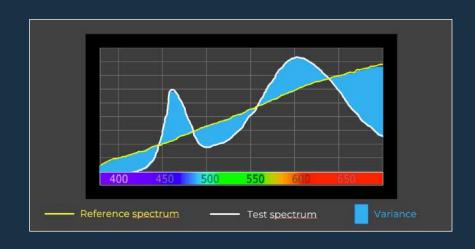








Academy Spectral Similarity Index (SSI): Overview 2020-09-16 © 2020 Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences



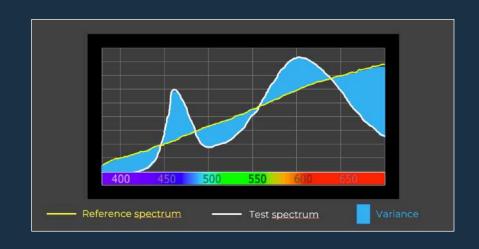
Academy Spectral Similarity Index (SSI): Overview

2020-09-16

© 2020 Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences

This figure illustrates the SPD (Spectral Power Distribution) variance between a typical tungsten incandescent source (represented by the yellow curve) and a typical white LED source of the same correlated color temperature (represented by the white curve).

In each case, relative power has been graphed as a function of wavelength across the visible spectrum.



Academy Spectral Similarity Index (SSI): Overview

2020-09-16

© 2020 Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences

The cyan-shaded area shows the variance. SSI essentially scales this variance: the smaller the area between the two curves, the higher the SSI value, and the better the match.

The simplicity of this approach makes it relatively easy to compare sources for a desired color-rendering result.

SSI Scores

The SSI value is always denoted with respect to the reference,

which is indicated within square brackets; examples:

0 - 70
Color Rendering Issues Po

70 - 80

Possible Problems

80 - 90

Good

90 - 100

Excellent

SSI Scores

LED wall



LED walls have a very poor color rendering.

Consequences:

Never light faces with LED walls!

0 - 70 Color Rendering Issues 70 - 80 Possible Problems 80 - 90

Good

90 - 100

Excellent





ACADEMY
OF MOTION PICTURE
ARTS AND SCIENCES

This index is the result of the collaboration between the ASC

(American Society of Cinematographers)

And AMPAS

(Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences - Oscars).





AMPAS*, CIE** & IES*** suggest using the SSI & the TM-30-18/20

*AMPAS (Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences)

**CIE: International Commission on Illumination

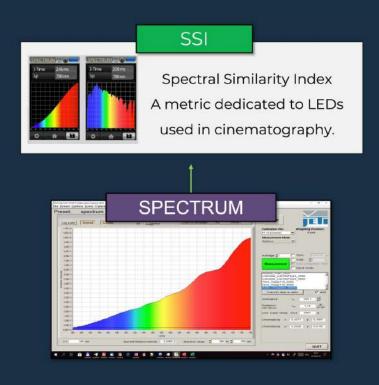
***IES: Illuminating Engineering Society

Special thanks to George Joblove

Senior Director, Technology and Standards, AMPAS (Oscars)



Unfortunately the SSI is a very little used standard!



CONFERENCE OF LIGHT

Understanding the gaps

CONCLUSION OF THE CONFERENCE OF LIGHT

- Compared to a laboratory tool: A field tool will give color temperature
 differences of 200 K to 2000 K as well as different measurement values such
 as TLCI, TM-30-20
- 1 out of 12 manufacturers give the SSI
- All manufacturers still give the wrong index (CRI)



6. HdM LEDs tests

Hochschule der Medien

NEW TESTS
ON LEDS

Stuttgart – February 2023

Tests organized and designed by:



Stefan Grandinetti

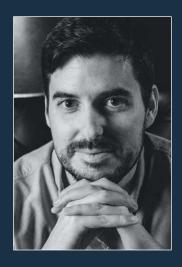
Cinematographer

BVK (Germany)

Professor for Cinematography

Hochschule der Medien, Stuttgart

IMAGO TC full member



Andy Minuth

Lead Colorist

Color Workflow Specialist

FillmLight (Germany)

IMAGO TC Associate member



- Shot on an ARRI Alexa 35
- 50 mm Zeiss CP3 at T-stop 4
- RAW recording file
- HDR 4K D.I workflow (No ACES) on FilmLight at HdM



LEDs

Full color:

- ARRI Orbiter
- DMG Maxi Mix

Bi color:

• Felloni





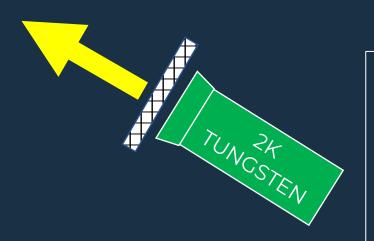


GENERAL SETUP

Black wall



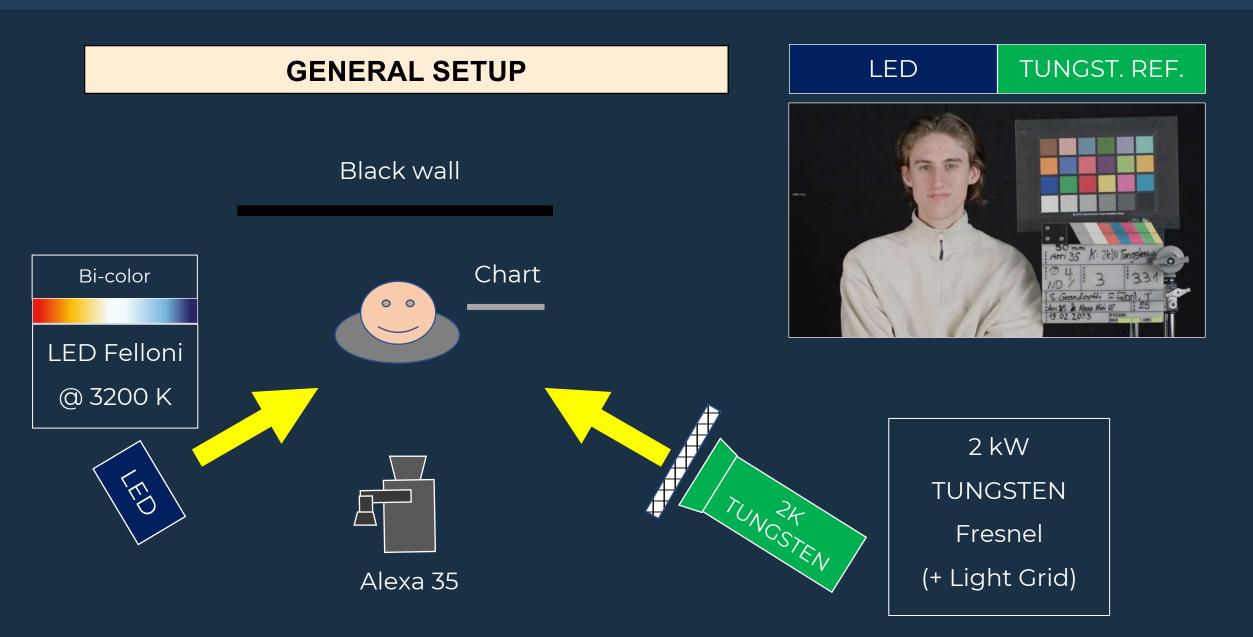




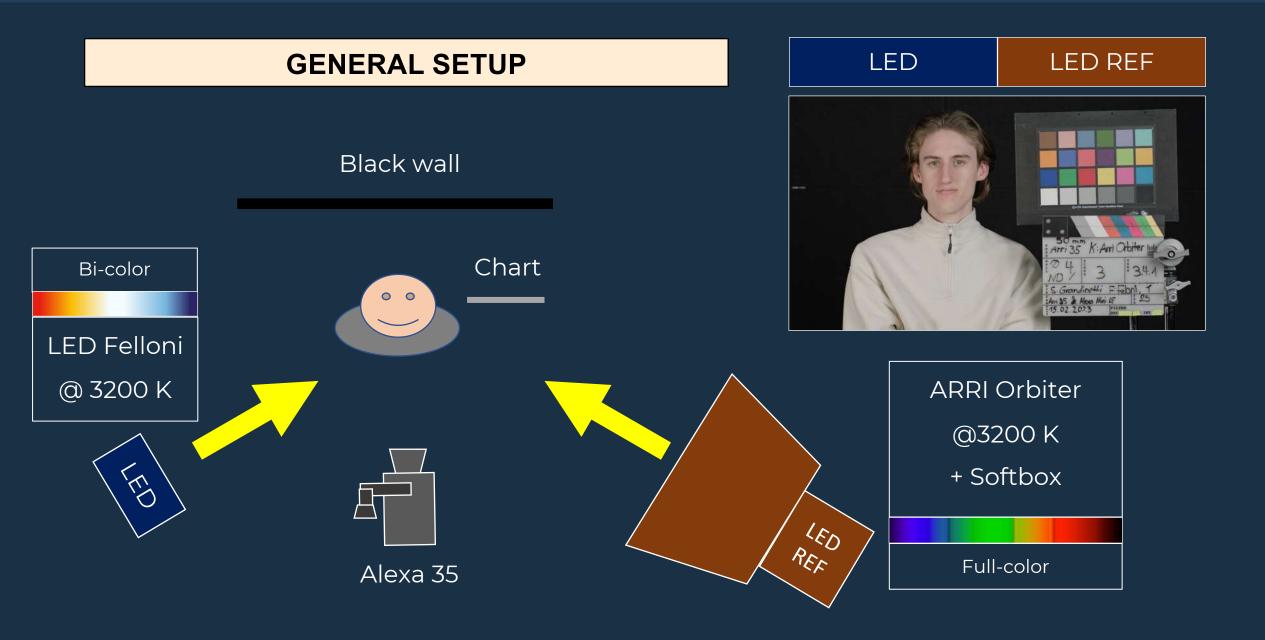
TUNGSTEN REFERENCE



2 kW
TUNGSTEN
Fresnel
(+ Light Grid)



GENERAL SETUP LED REFERENCE Black wall Chart **ARRI** Orbiter @3200 K + Softbox LED Full-color Alexa 35



GENERAL SETUP

Black wall



Chart

LED REFERENCE

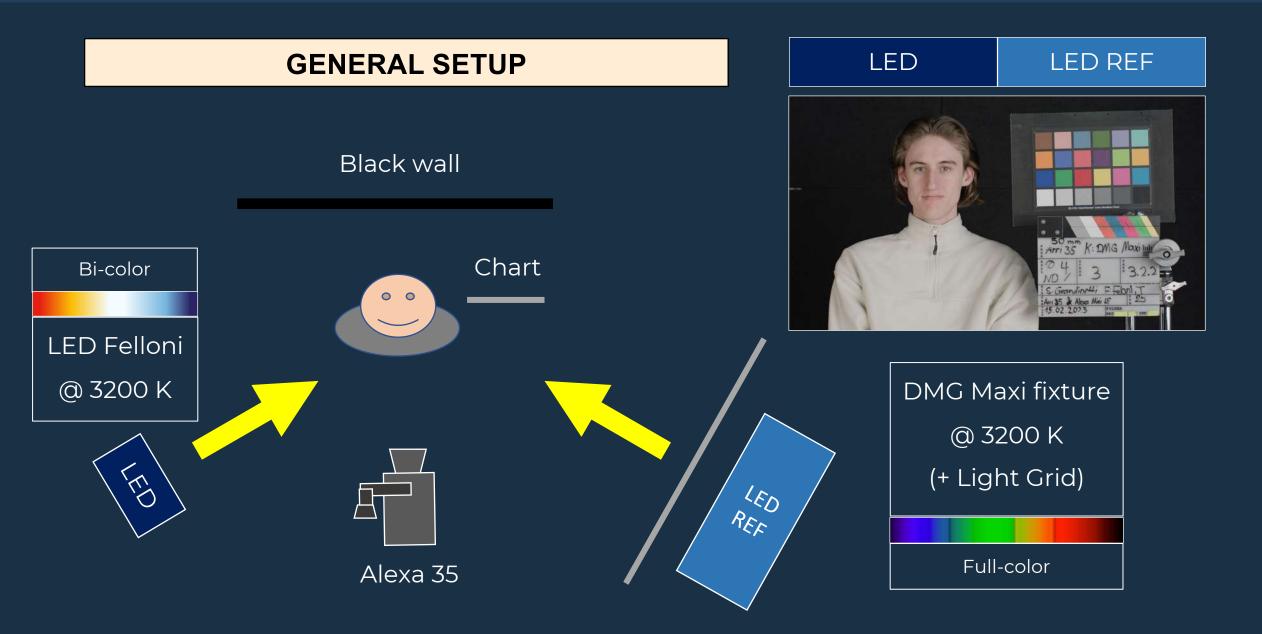


DMG Maxi fixture

@ 3200 K

(+ Light Grid)

Full-color

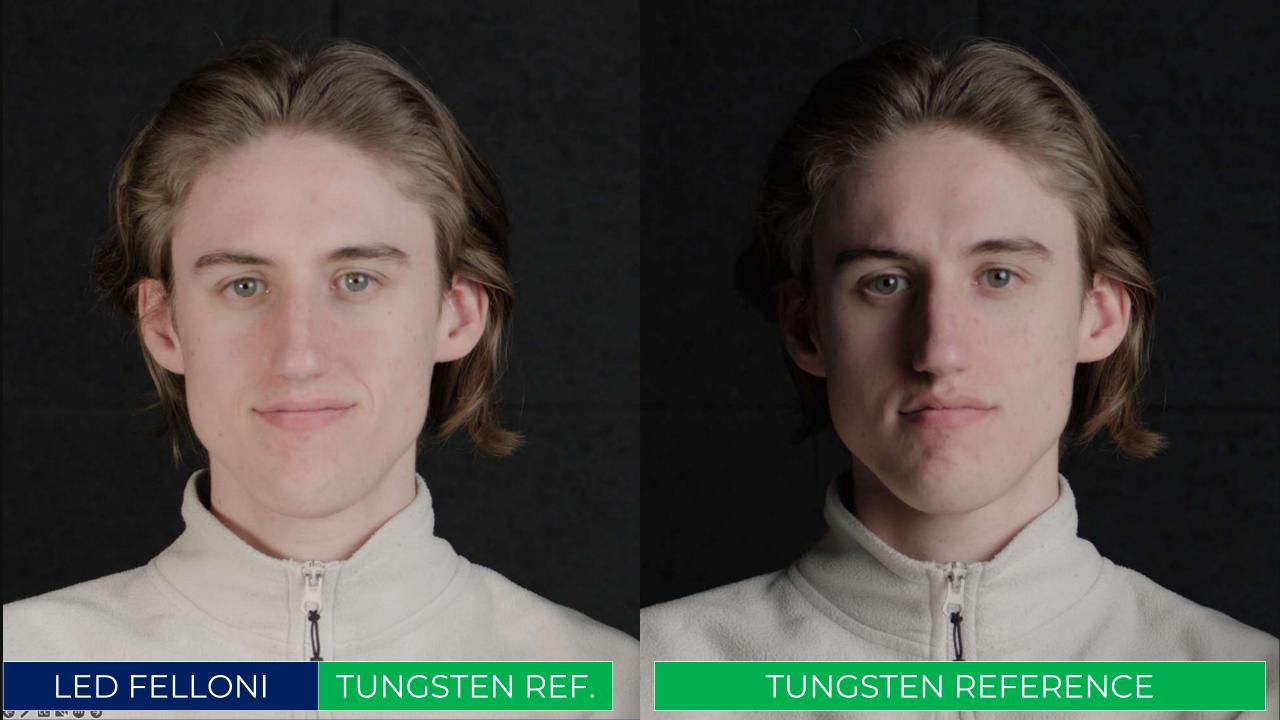


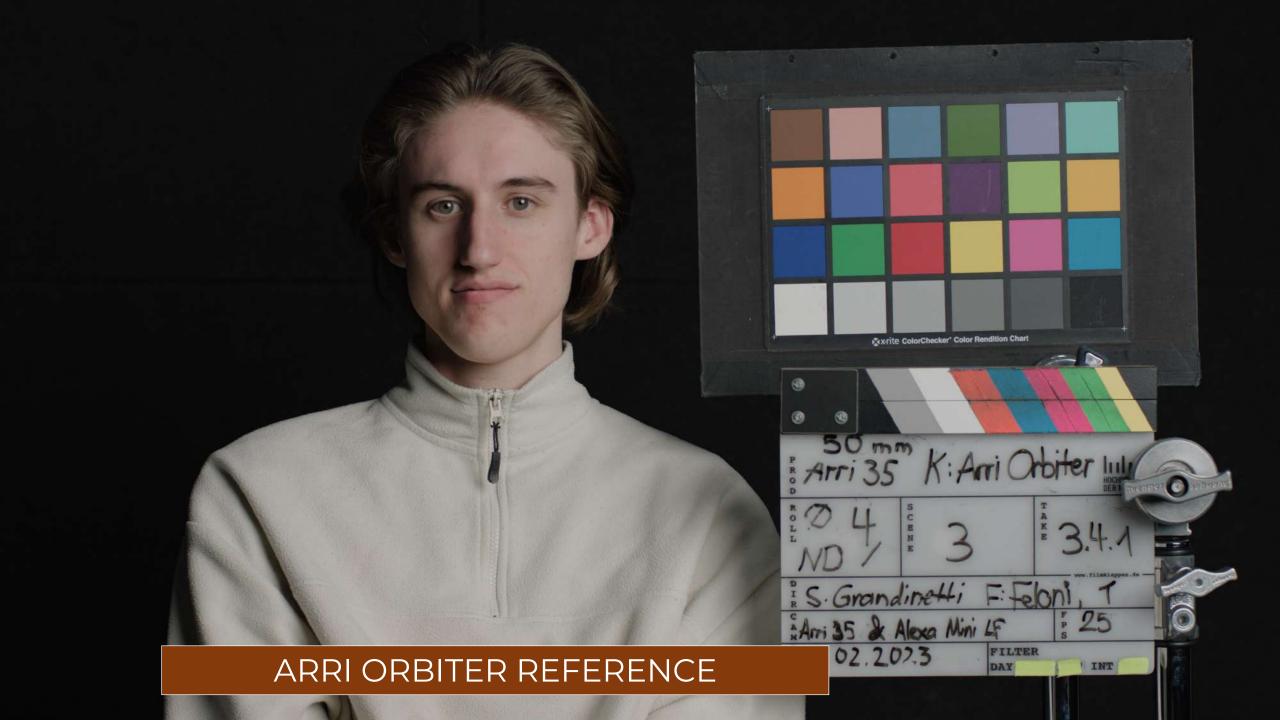
BRIGHT SKIN TONE

Large & Close shot

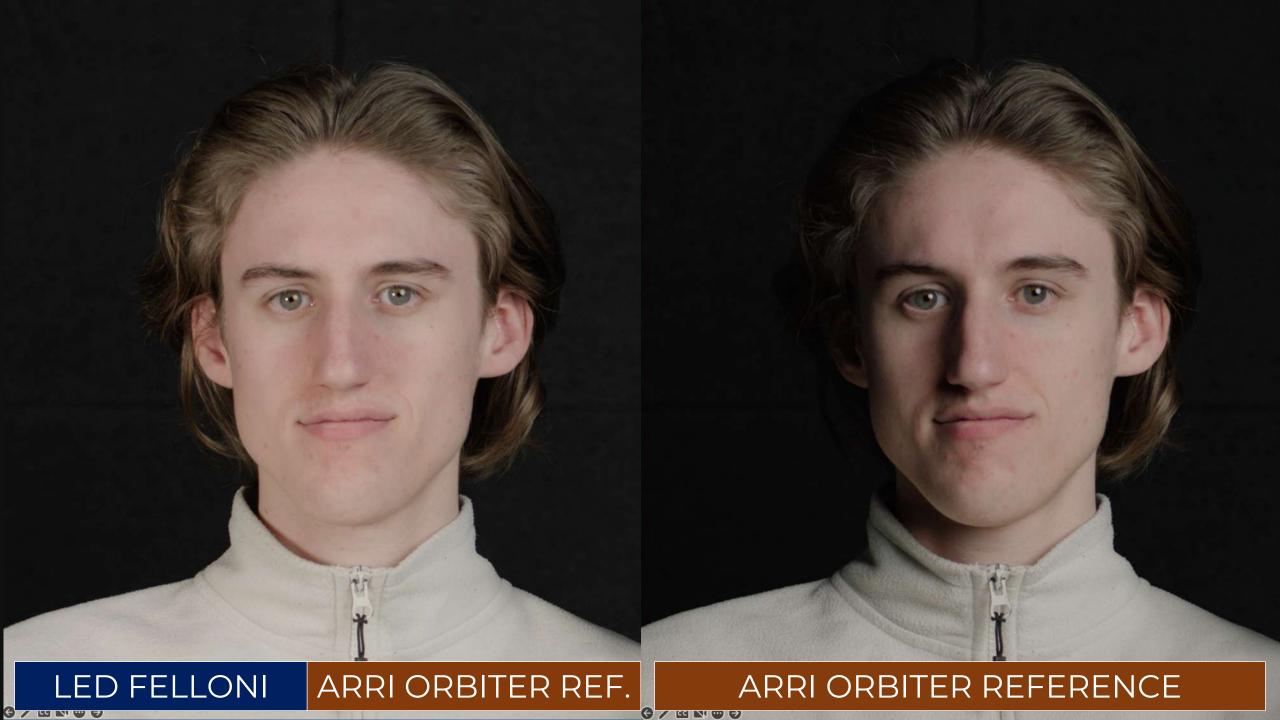


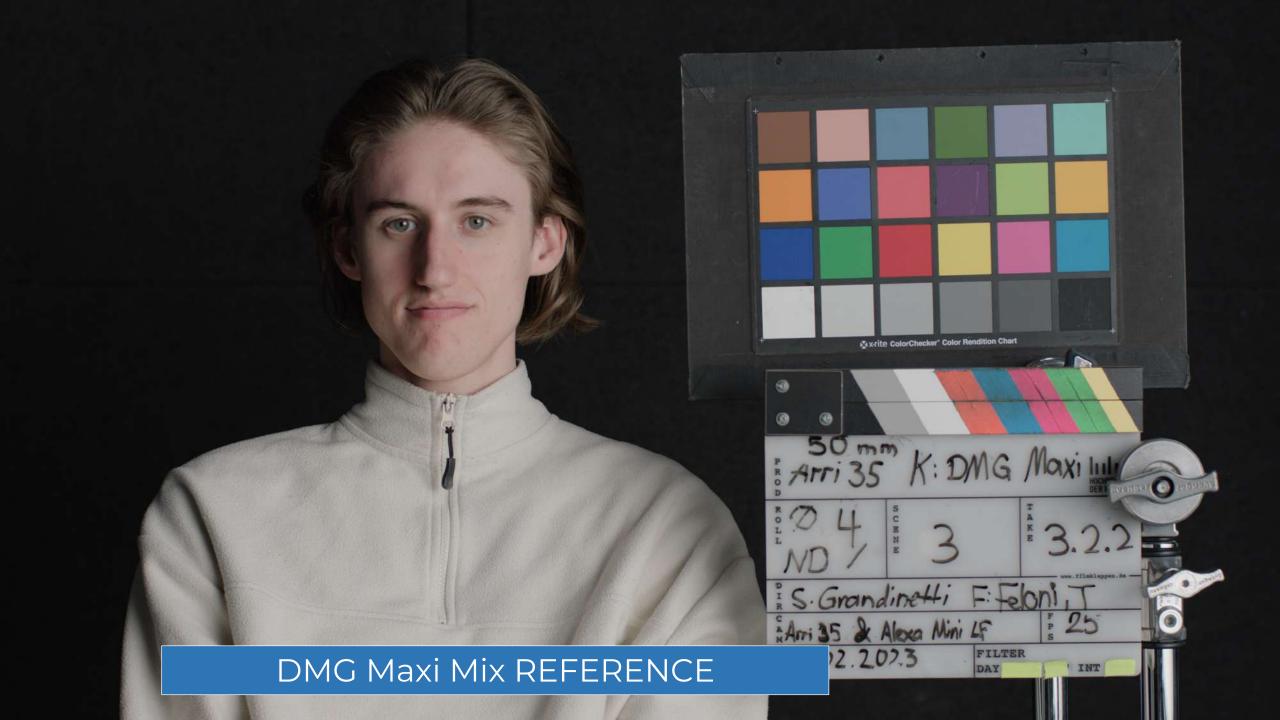




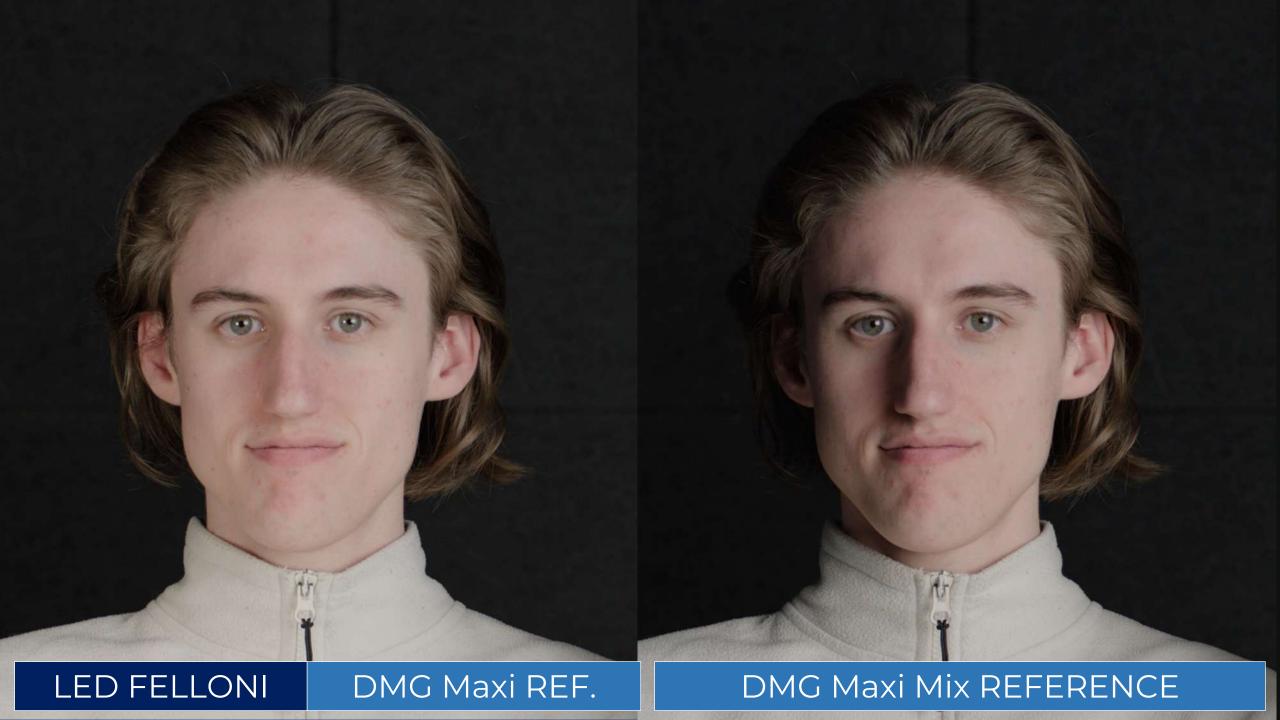










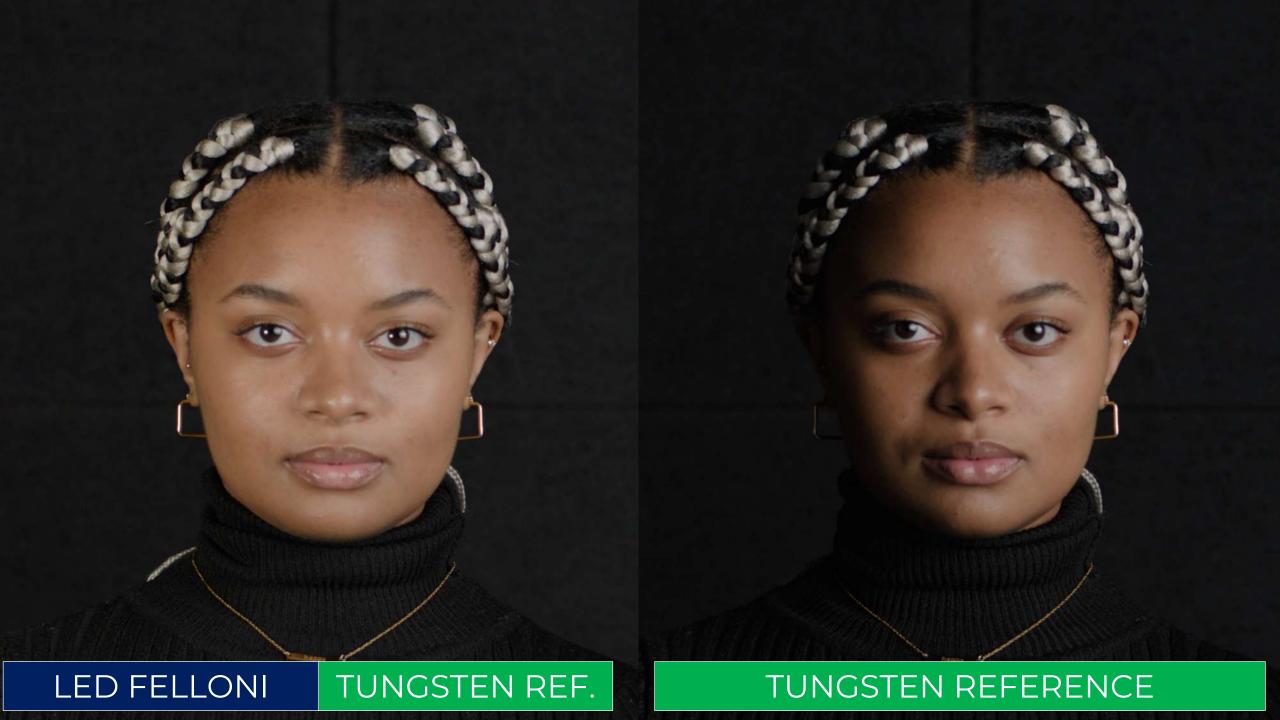


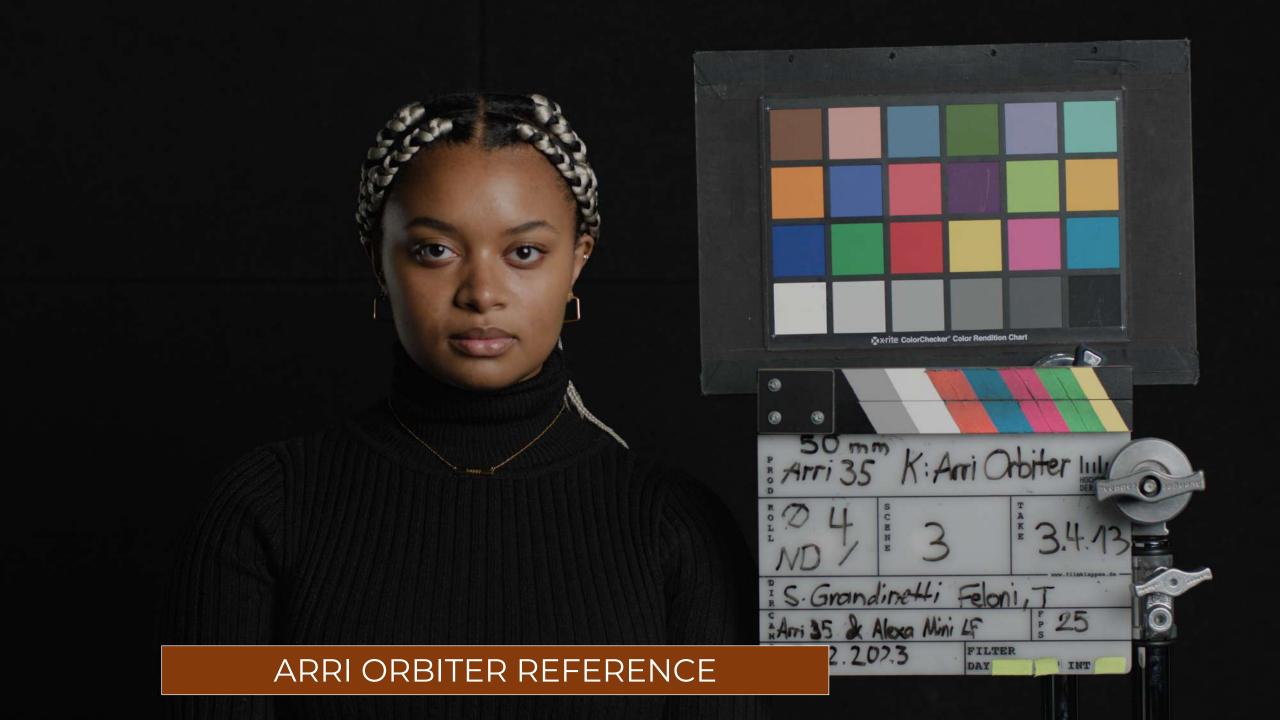
DARK SKIN TONE

Large & Close shot

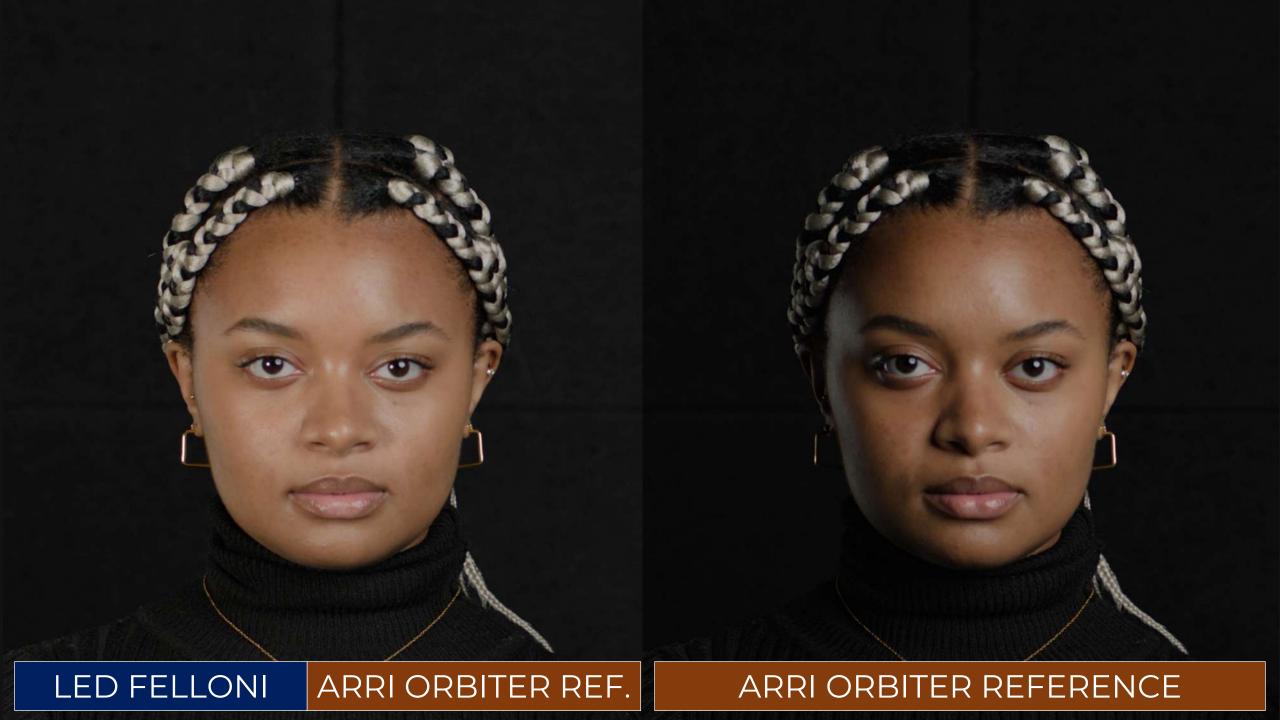


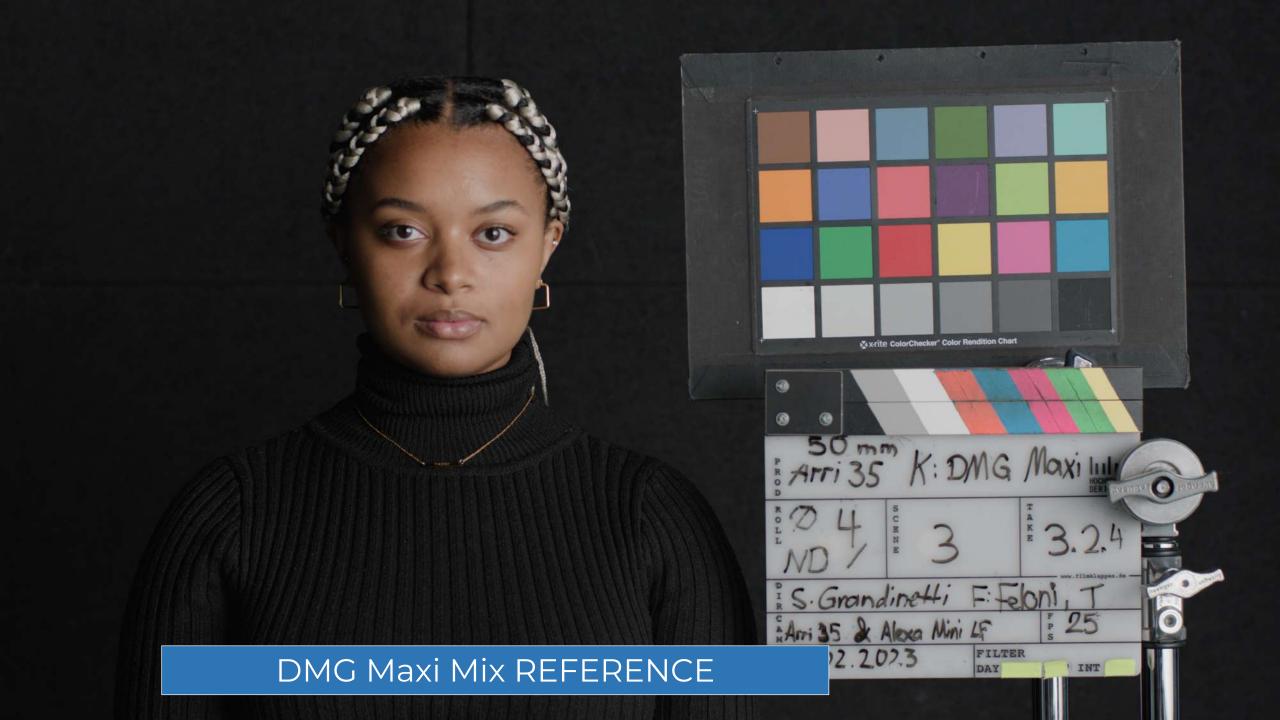




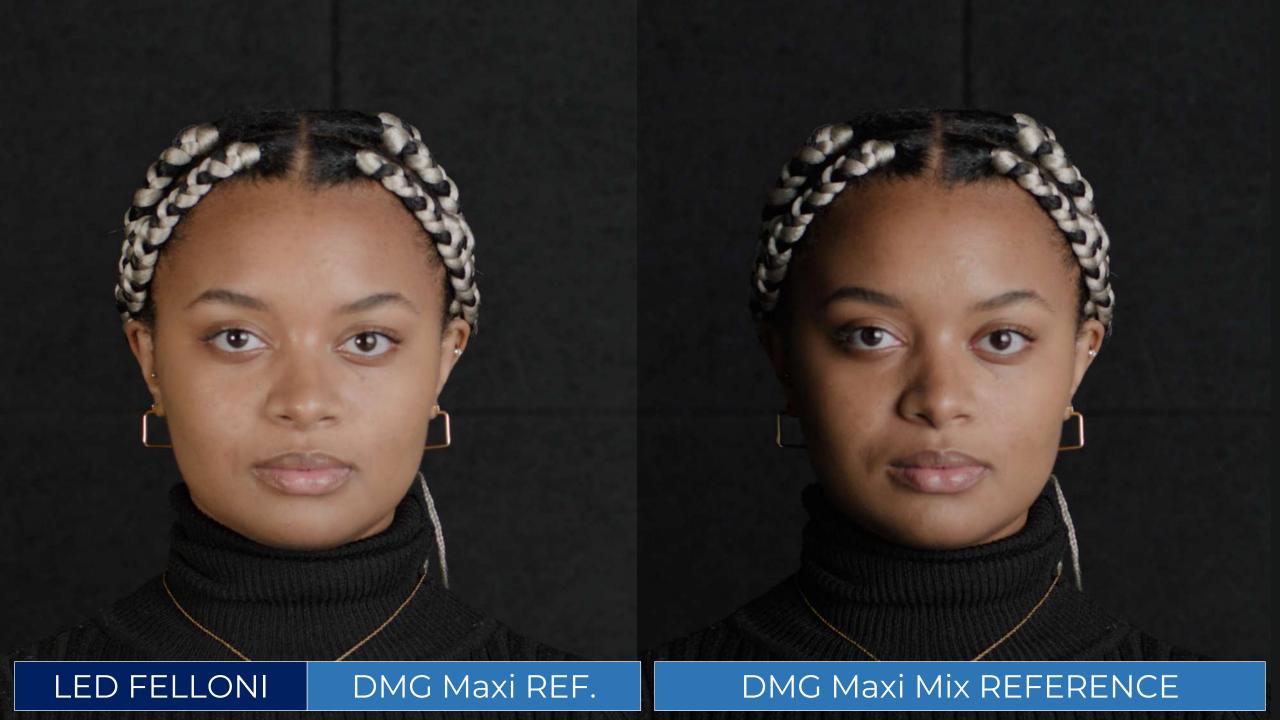












FIRST CONCLUSIONS OF THE HDM TESTS

- Almost no difference between the tungsten reference and the two LEDs (ARRI Orbiter and DMG Maxi Mix)
- Almost no difference between the reference of the two full-color LEDs (ARRI Orbiter and DMG) and the bi-color Felloni LED

CONCLUSIONS

This progress certainly comes from:

- Efforts in camera colour science
- Improvements in LEDs
- Post-production color pipeline

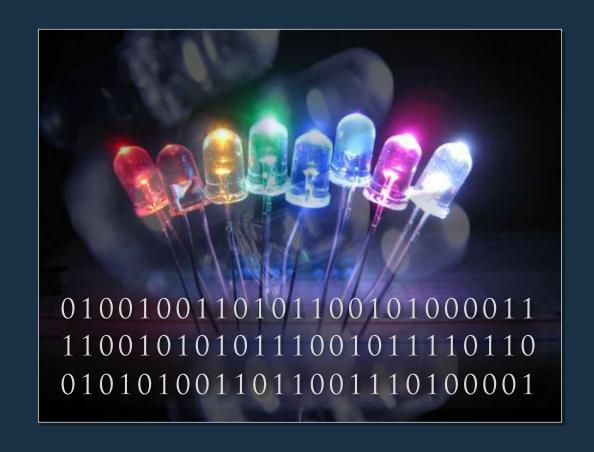
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Stefan Grandinetti likes to thank:

Models: Lauren Gaither and Joschka Kühner

Colorist/Workflow: Andy Minuth (FilmLight)

Team: Ronja Jürgens, Luis Zappe, Alex Isbrecht



7. The missing data

Back to the Numbers

LED lifetime:

Several thousand hours

But

- The red LED is the most heat sensitive -and beyond 25/28°C it begins to lose his characteristics
- No statistics on the lifespan of the LEDs taking into account the color rendering.

Ecology

Reduced consumption

But what about of:

- The manufacture of LEDs?
- The renewal of LEDs?
- The waste management?

Manufacture of LEDs

Extremely polluting mining





Manufacture of LEDs

The majority of bare diodes are made in China and in Taiwan



Manufacture of LEDs

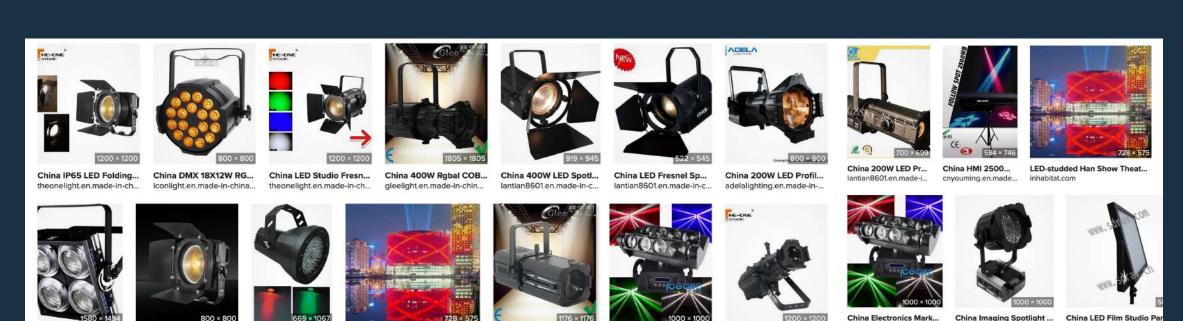
- Difficulty in supplying bare diodes for American and European manufacturer of LED projectors
- Economic war between USA & China Europe & China





Permanent renewal of LEDs

 Every week several brands of Chinese LEDs for audiovisuals appear on the market



allexpress.com

mslighting.en.made-in-chin...

szhold.en.made-in-china.com

Permanent renewal of LEDs

- Trendy models appear and disappear
- Inventory management very difficult for rental companies
- Newer LEDs are piling up on shelves and in warehouses

Waste management

- Nothing is planned
- LEDs contain strategic and hazardous metals and plastics
- We are coming to the end of resources for metals

Paradox

Metals management

"What we create is a world based on metals"

"It is inadmissible in the metallic field to throw,

the job of metal is to last."

Aurore Stephant (mining geologist engeneer)

Paradox

Metrics

- No quality standards really used
- No reliable power reference
- Numbers don't matter anymore

Paradox

Metrics

- We find the same problem in the cameras
- Is a 4K / 8K / 12K camera really aptly named?.



Conclusions

- A lot of possibility in creation
- Need for a digital assessment
- Lack of scientific rigor
- All connected, all isolalted

- Color rendering is improved
- Comparison with sound (mp3 and mp4)

Next slides: some references of skin tones



'Far from Heaven' - Director : Todd Haynes - Cinematographer: Ed Lachman



'Written on The Wind' – Director: Douglas Sirk – Cinematographer: Russell Metty - (Technicolor)



'All That Heaven Allows' – Director: Douglas Sirk - Cinematographer: Russell Metty (Eastmancolor & Technicolor)



'Written on The Wind' – Director: Douglas Sirk – Cinematographer: Russell Metty - (Technicolor)

Recommendations

For some:

- Films with significant artistic direction:
 - Period films
 - Beauty movies
- Sophisticated graded movies:

Recommendations

- Choosing & testing LEDs
- Always have an incandescent source and Hmi to illuminate the faces
- Recent camera with very good color science
- Thoroughly test the digital chain: the color pipeline

CONFERENCE OF LIGHT



Link on SSI, Conference of Light and other comparisons tests

IMAGO Website

- https://imago.org/
- https://imago.org/news/evaluating-led-lighting-for-cinematography-using-ssispectral-similarity-index/

Acknowledgements

Jacqueline Delaunay, ACC & LEDs CEO

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Nils de Montgrand, DMG CEO

François Roger, CININTER CEO

John-Christian Rosenlund, Cinematographer, FNF

David Stump, Cinematographer, ASC, MITC